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THE SENTINEL.

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JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
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E. D. JERMAIN.....H. H. BRIGHTMAN

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 14, 1860.

☞For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page.☜

Milwaukee City and County—Official.

We publish this morning the official returns of the votes cast in this county at the general election last week. It will be seen that the majority for Mr. DOUGLAS is 1897, and that for Mr. ARNOLD 1891. We point to the vote as a significant proof of the fidelity of the Republicans of Milwaukee to JOHN F. POTTER. He runs *ahead* of the electoral ticket in this county.

Contrasted with the vote here four years ago, the result is most satisfactory:

	1856.		1860.
Fremont	3793	Lincoln	4529
Buchanan	5193	Douglas	6796
Total	9086		11,625

Republican actual gain 2031 votes.
Democratic actual loss 462 votes.
Net Republican gain 2493 votes.

The vote on the 6th instant was the heaviest ever cast in this city and county.

Jefferson and the Union.

When Mr. JEFFERSON, after the exciting contest of 1800, was about to accede to the administration of the Government, and when, as now, grave fears were entertained for the perpetuity of the Union, he summed up, in his inaugural address, as among essential principles of our free institutions, *"the preservation of the General Government in its whole constitutional vigor, as the sheet-anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad; a jealous care of the right of election by the people—a mild and safe corrective of abuses which are lopped by the sword of revolution, where peaceable remedies are unprovided; and absolute acquiescence in the decisions of the majority—the vital principle of Republics, from which there is no appeal but to force, the vital principle and immediate parent of despotism."*

Doolittle and Schurz in New York.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 8, 1860.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The great contest is over; the battle in this State was a hard fought one, and "Honest ABE" has triumphed over all the combined hosts of "fusion;" and they have to fall to pieces, completely routed, with no unity of purpose or principles to rally them again. Among the many who helped swell the triumph, two noble men and orators from Wisconsin deserve great credit; of course I refer to your eloquent Senator, J. R. DOOLITTLE, and CARL SCHURZ. Your Senator, coming back to his native State and to his old home in western New York, was warmly welcomed by a host of friends, and when he spoke at Rochester, at Albion, at Bath, at Warsaw and at Canandaigua, his close statement of facts, his clear, logical reasoning, and his eloquent utterance of freedom's noble truths, carried home conviction to the listening thousands, and men went home to work, and western New York rolled up its thousands more than was expected.

Wisconsin stood by us at Chicago when our "favorite son" was there, and Wisconsin orators helped us triumph in the severe battle just fought. Yours very truly,

W. N. S.

NEW JERSEY.—The Fusion majority in New Jersey is 1830, or about that. In the First and Second Districts, NIXON and STRATTON, Republicans, are elected to Congress; and in the other three Districts, PENNY, STEELE and CODE, Fusionists, are elected. In the Legislature, the Senate stands eleven Republicans, ten Democrats and one BELL man. House—twenty-eight Republicans, twenty-seven Democrats, five BELL men. The BELL men hold the balance of power. Of the BELL men, one is known to favor the Republicans, which will give them within one vote of a majority.

MISSOURI—MARYLAND—GEORGIA.—According to the latest reports, it is still a matter of doubt how these States have voted.—In Missouri the race between DOUGLAS and BELL is very close. In Maryland it lies between BELL and BRECKINRIDGE. Ditto in Georgia. The latest telegraphic despatches from Virginia gives that State to BRECKINRIDGE by almost 1,000 majority over BELL. Close work.

DELAWARE.—The complete vote of Newcastle and Kent, and partial returns from Sussex, foot up as follows:

Counties.	Lincoln.	Breck.	Bell.	Doug.
Newcastle	2,075	3,003	1,576	719
Kent	1,067	2,098	737	148
Sussex	899	1,054	976	130
Total	3,731	6,147	3,279	992

Breckinridge over Lincoln, 2,396; Lincoln over Bell, 479.

MEMPHIS.—The official vote of Memphis for President is: BELL, 2,319; DOUGLAS, 2,200; BRECKINRIDGE, 572. This shows that Memphis *is a Union city* by 4,519 to 572 Disunionists. The free navigation of the Mississippi will not be impeded by the consent of Memphis, or West Tennessee.

A ONE-SIDED AFFAIR.—The Legislature just elected in Michigan, bears the following political complexion:

Senate—Republicans	30	Democrats	1
House—Republicans	72	Democrats	8
Total	102		9

THE funniest piece of fun yet, is the resignation of the Federal office-holders in South Carolina *"to take effect on the 4th of March next."* Several, even in Maryland, are ready, we hope, for that kind of "disunion."—*Balt. Patriot.*

Ditto in Wisconsin. They say they *won't*: "hold office under LINCOLN." That is so!

SHAWANO COUNTY.—The Shawano County *Journal* gives the following as the majorities in that county: LINCOLN 48; SLOAN 1; FINLEY, Rep., for Assembly, 102. FINLEY is undoubtedly elected in the District.

WAUSHARA COUNTY—COMPLETE.—The Waushara County *Argus* brings us the full vote for President in that county. It stands thus: LINCOLN 1,533; DOUGLAS 407; BRECKINRIDGE 27. LINCOLN'S plurality 1126; majority 1099.

MARYLAND.—BRECKINRIDGE'S apparent plurality in the State is 368. Fuller returns may change the result.

WHEW!—The St. Clair *Chief* (Douglas) announces the result of the election, with emphatic correctness, thus:

"Enough returns have been received to warrant us in saying that ABRAHAM LINCOLN has been chosen, by the people, President of the United States for four years from the 4th of March next, and we heartily rejoice that he has been, since the Democratic party throughout the Union have acted so like fools. President Buchanan will be held responsible for our defeat. His conduct throughout the whole campaign has been disgraceful and infamous—and he will retire from office with more curses upon his head than John Tyler or Franklin Pierce ever received. We hope he will not only be politically, but *eternally* damned. We predict that President LINCOLN'S four years' administration will be far more popular than the retiring administration."

AWFUL CALAMITY.

Destruction of the Clarendon House by Fire—Loss of Several Lives.

We are called upon to day to chronicle one of the most lamentable occurrences with which our city has ever been visited. About half-past 12 o'clock, last night, the alarm of fire was sounded, which was found to proceed from the Clarendon Hotel, corner of South Division and Main streets. As near as we can ascertain from the rumors which are afloat, the fire caught in the kitchen part of the building, running back to Washington street; from what cause has not yet been ascertained. One story is told to the effect that the night-watchman, going his rounds with a camphene lamp in his hand, accidently dropped it, by which the fire was communicated. This, however, is only a rumor, having, probably, no foundation in fact.

The wing on South Division street, and the adjoining buildings, are comparatively uninjured, the fire having been confined to the hotel building proper, on the corner, and that portion before mentioned as running back to Washington street, used as kitchen, bakery, washrooms, and as a sleeping apartment for the employees of the hotel. Whatever the origin of the fire might have been, the flames have done their work, and the naked and scared walls now stand an awful monument of the power of the devouring element.

The most terrible feature of the night's disaster, however, is the loss of human life; two well known citizens being among the lost. Mr. H. L. Chamberlain, of the firm of Rowe & Chamberlain, oyster dealers, on Washington street, who boarded at the Clarendon, and whose room was in the fifth story, was awakened too late to escape by the stairs, and in his terror, as it is supposed, leaped from the window, on the Main street side, to the pavement below, by which he was so horribly crushed and mangled that, having been removed to Mathew's drug store, he died, after lingering in unspeakable agony for about half an hour. It is probable that he lost his presence of mind in consequence of excitement and terror; as he was spoken to by those below to wait a few moments, and a ladder would be raised, by which he might safely reach the ground.

William A. Carland, of the well known firm of Carland & Beirne, of "Gothic Hall," also lost his life. There were innumerable rumors afloat this forenoon, in relation to this gentleman. He was visited in his room at the Clarendon, last night, about twelve o'clock, by Mr. C. H. Cowan, since which time he has not been seen. We ourselves aided in tracing out several rumors to the effect that Mr. C. had been seen by several persons after the fire, but in every instance they proved to be without foundation. Many of his friends have also been engaged in like manner during the morning, and, we are grieved to say, in all cases with the same result. The conclusion is inevitable, therefore, that Mr. Carland perished in the flames. Mr. Carland was a man who, as represented by those intimately acquainted with him, slept very soundly, and was always awakened with difficulty.

Two women employed in the hotel, Bridget Mulcahey, cook, and Ann McAulay, chambermaid, are also set down among the lost, as their friends, after diligent search and inquiry, have been unable to discover any traces of them.

A woman, named Alice White, also one of the employees, was rescued by Mr. Robert Gardiner, Assistant Foreman of Eagle Hose Co, No. 2, in a manner that should entitle that gentleman to the warmest gratitude of every friend of humanity. She was at the window of the rear portion of the building on Washington street, and Mr. G. mounted a ladder which had been raised, and, surrounded by smoke and flame, seized the woman in his arms, and bore her part way down the ladder, where he delivered her into the hands of Fire Marshal Love, and immediately returned into the building in search of another, said to be still in the hotel. We understand, however, that no other persons were discovered by him.

As we have before stated, there are hundreds of rumors flying about, and all is excitement, which renders it a matter of impossibility, at this time, to give a clear and reliable account of the whole extent of the disaster. Some accounts place the number of those killed as high as fifteen or twenty; but we trust and believe that this is very much exaggerated. We shall be able, in our next issue, to give the particulars with some degree of accuracy. At the present, with the limited time at our command, we are unable to do so.

The steam engine has been at work during the forenoon, playing upon the smouldering ruins, and search will be made, as soon as circumstances will permit, for the remains of those who are known and supposed to have been lost.

A police force has been on the ground during the morning, to prevent those who congregate around scenes of this kind from from running into danger from falling walls and the like. Ropes have been stretched on Main and South Division streets, and the crowd—a very large one, notwithstanding the rain—is kept back by the officers out of harm's way.

Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, under the direction of Chief Engineer TAYLOR, have been engaged in pulling down those portions of the walls, danger from the falling of which was to be apprehended, and their efforts will not be relaxed until all is secure.

In connection with this disaster is a painful accusation, which we allude to with regret. It is alleged that there was a criminal remissness in sounding the alarm of fire on the part of those whose business it is to attend to this duty, and that the serious consequences which have resulted were, in some degree, attributable thereto. There are those, too, who contradict this statement—As the matter will, doubtless, be properly investigated hereafter, we shall await that investigation before making further allusion to it.

The losses by fire, as far as we can ascertain the facts, are as follows:

Orson Phelps, owner of the Clarendon.—Loss $80,000 to $84,000; insured for $27,000 in various companies.

E. H. Millington, Umbrellas and furnishing goods. Loss $6,000: insured $2,000.

W. H. Peabody, druggist. Loss about $8,500; insured in various companies for $5,500.

B. F. Felton, news depot, books and stationary. Loss about $1,000; insured $400.—*Buffalo Commercial, Nov.* 10.

Terrible and Lamentable Suicide—Death of W. C. Gray, Esq.

Our citizens were startled yesterday about noon, with the announcement that W. C. Gray, Esq, a well known and respected citizen, had jumped off the bridge at the end of Wabash street, and committed suicide.—The motives of this act we find were financial embarassments, culminating in a series of forgeries and final death.

It appears, from all we can learn, that Mr. Gray has been somewhat financially embarrassed of late in consequence of expenditures laid out on a farm which he had recently purchased near Fort Snelling, and that to relieve himself from the pressing wants of the moment, he had been in the habit of borrowing from this and that one, until these resources failing him, he resorted to the awful crime of forgery.

About two weeks ago he made inquiries at the *Pioneer* office, for blank County Bonds, which, however, he did not procure. Shortly after, he made the same character of inquiries at the Auditor's office, alleging that a friend East desired to see one. We believe he succeeded in getting several of these blank bonds; and shortly after the key to the County Auditor's office was missed, and suspicion became prevalent that all was not right. Yesterday, Gray made arrangements to borrow money of a gentleman East, and offered County Bonds as collateral security. The lawyers who transacted the business, fearing that all was not right, sent a clerk to the Treasurer's office to ascertain if the bonds were genuine, when they were pronounced forgeries. A warrant was immediately issued for Mr. Gray's arrest, but he was not made acquainted with the fact, until he was confronted with the charge of forgery, when he, in company with Mr. Turnbull, who had the warrant in his pocket, proceeded to Gray's place of business, on Third street. Gray passed into the back room under the pretence of washing his hands, when he locked the door, and seizing some papers, (and it is thought money,) ran out of the back door, followed by Mr. Turnbull.

He passed through Wabashaw street to the Bridge, and on reaching the east terminal jut of the third span, passed under the railing and suspended himself by the outside planks preparatory to his fearful precipitation into the watery elements beneath—a distance of one hundred feet—which occurred a moment after. Mr. Turnbull, who was in pursuit, is said to have been not over a hundred feet behind him when he released his grasp. On striking the water, which he did sidewise, he turned breast upward, and floated down stream about five hundred feet, when the extensor muscles of his arms protended, and he instantly sank. No tools were to be had beneath the Bridge subsequent to his descent, and hence what few efforts were made to rescue him before he had gone down, were futile. At the latest moment his body had not been found.

In addition to the fact of Mr. Gray having committed the forgery of the bonds on which he wished to borrow money, we learn that there are other bonds in his possession, amounting to between $1,500 or $1,600, which were also forgeries, and that in addition to this he has forged a check of some $700 on Mr. Schurmeier, but which check was not cashed. To what extent these forgeries have been perpatrated, it is at present impossible to say.

Mr. G. was a dealer in real estate and a sort of money broker. He was a high-toned gentleman—courteous in his intercourse with his fellow men—generous and proud. It is the general opinion that the thought of exposure drove him to commit the awful act of suicide. He was a native of Cape Cod, Massachusetts, and has respectable connections. He was about 35 years of age.

POSTSCRIPT.—We committed an error in stating that a warrant had been issued for the arrest of Mr. Gray, and placed in the hands of Mr. Turnbull. It is reported, however, that the County Commissioners authorized Mr. Turnbull to keep him in check, until one could be procured for his arrest.—*St. Paul Daily Times, Nov.* 11.

THE CITY.

Republican Rejoicing!

We learn that the meeting to celebrate the great victory will be held in this city on FRIDAY EVENING. It is hoped that MESSRS. POTTER, SLOAN and HANCHETT, the Congressmen elect, will be present, together with Senator DOOLITTLE, Judge HOWE, CARL SCHURZ and others. Of course every body will make a speech, and we will have a good time generally. Torches, guns, music, cheers, huzzas! Come, SEE, HEAR, SHOUT!

Central Club.

The REPUBLICAN CENTRAL CLUB will meet at the HEAD QUARTERS on Wednesday evening, 14th inst., at 7 1-2 o'clock. REPUBLICANS! ATTENTION!

WINFIELD SMITH, Pres't.
M. G. SMITH, Sec'y.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 10, 1860.

Free Democrat, Atlas and *Wisconsin* please copy.

Kansas Famine Relief Fund.

The undersigned have been appointed by the Chamber of Commerce of Milwaukee, a committee to receive contributions for the relief of the destitute of Kansas.

Contributions of money, provisions, clothing, or materials for clothing, will be thankfully received, and may be sent to either of the undersigned committee. All contributions will be forwarded to the Central Relief Committee of Kansas, at Atchison, K. T.

HORATIO HILL,
J. C. MONTGOMERY,
L. L. CROUNSE,
} Com.

Milwaukee, Nov. 13, 1860.

Press of *Wisconsin* please copy.

The Vote of Milwaukee County—Official.

The Board of County Canvassers met yesterday and canvassed the returns of the election in this County. The following is a summary of the returns:

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE.

Lincoln	6,529	Douglas	6,726
Breckinridge	34	Bell	89

FOR CONGRESS.

John F. Potter	4,915	J. L. Arnold	6,506

FOR SENATE.

J. A. Phelps	4,939	O. H. Larkin	6,632

FOR CLERK

H. E Paine	4,930	W. H. Jacobs	6,609

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

O. A. G. Pertsch	4,864	C. Fessel	6,700

TREASURER.

Daniel Schultz	5,036	Timothy Carney	6,189
		John Dolan	295

CLERK OF THE BOARD.

Wm. Mehms	4,867	F. W. Handbausen	6,339

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

J. B. D. Cogswell	4,925	Joshua Stark,	6,703

FOR CORONER.

John French	4,851	C. C. Meyer	6,681

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

J. C. Crounse	5,296	H. W. Battles	6,615

FOR SENATOR—1ST. DIST.

Charles Quentin	3,577	G Starkweather	2,474

MAJORITIES.

Douglas	1,897
Arnold	1,891
Larkin	1,683
Jacobs	1,550
Fessel	1,546
Carney	1,181
Handbausen	1,773
Stark	1,509
Meyer	1,380
Battles	1,289
Quentin	1,109

AID FOR KANSAS—ACTION OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—At a meeting of the Chamber of Comerce yesterday, Dr. FLETCHER, the gentleman who is soliciting funds for the people of KANSAS, was introduced to the Merchants of Milwaukee and $375 was raised and paid over by the members present. A Committee was also appointed, consisting of HORATIO HILL, Chairman; J. C. MONTGOMERY, Treasurer, and L. L. CROUNSE, Secretary, to receive contributions of money, food or clothing.

The condition of forty thousand people in KANSAS, cut off from the necessaries of life by the drouth, appeals to the liberality and benevolence of all, and in no State should the appeal be more promptly met than in Wisconsin, where plenty has crowned our exertions, and prosperity is the lot of all, and we feel confident that Wisconsin and Milwaukee, ever ready in lending a helping hand, will come up nobly, and out of her abundance give freely to those who are destitute.

We hope to see the appeal met promptly by the State press.

SOUND.—At a meeting of the Fourth Ward Republican Club of this city, held last Friday evening, it was unanimously resolved that the organization be continued in good working order, and regular meetings be held once each month. This action is creditable to the sterling Republicans who live in the 4th, and we trust its example will be followed by the Republicans of all the other Wards in the city.

LEISURE TIME may be improved by a stroll into the reading room of the Young Men's Library, just above the Newhall House. There may be found files of all the prominent newspapers in the country, and quite a number of English journals.

THE GENTLEMAN who called upon us last night about ten o'clock, and not finding any one about, left the following note on our desk: "I feel like one who treads alone, some banquet hall deserted. Well, I do. B——" may meet us at Eagle or Phillipi in the spring. It's all right, B——.

LIGHT GUARD SOCIABLE.—The first of the Light Guard sociables takes place this (Wednesday) evening. The company supply carriages, orders for which may be left with the carriage committee, or BUTLER & POST.

AUCTION OF FURNITURE.—Don't forget the sale of furniture to-day at the store formerly occupied by NOYES, FLEETHEIM & CO.

REGISTRY LAW.—At a meeting of the First and Seventh Ward Republican clubs on Monday night, a resolution was passed to petition the *Legislature* for a *Registry Law*.

THE LADIES of the Protestant Orphan Asylum, will hold their annual Festival on the fifth and sixth of December.

The Old Men and the Old Pioneers Marching to the Contest.

For the Sentinel.

MESSRS EDITORS:—When there is so little that is pleasant transpiring on election day, it is refreshing to witness such a scene as the following, which occurred at our polls.—Twenty-eight of the Pioneers and Fathers of our town, selected CHAS. E. BROWNE as leader, who marched them up in double file, to deposit their ballots.

As they advanced three rousing cheers went up from the Republican portion of the crowd, and when they arrived at the polls Mr. BROWNE addressed the Board in substance as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE BOARD:

"I have the honor of being selected to perform the pleasing task of presenting to you, in one body, twenty-eight of the pioneers and fathers of our town, who have come hither to-day to enjoy those sacred rights dear to every American citizen.

It is said, 'give us old men for counsel,' and should any be disposed to avail themselves of the wise counsels of age and experience, they would doubtless receive the advice to follow these examples and vote, as they now do, for Honest ABE LINCOLN."—The nine oldest men of the twenty-eight, were:

Amos Sleeper,	Abel Barnes,
Augustus Blodgett,	Daniel Stickney,
Warren Day,	Richard Gilbert,
Wm. O. Underwood	S. S. Vanantrick,
David Morgan.	

Whose average age was a fraction less than seventy years, and the average age of the whole number about sixty years. Nine out of the number have resided in the county over twenty-four years, and fourteen over twenty years, and the length of residence of the whole number averaging over seventeen years. Now, sir, was it not a shame that twenty-eight such Republican votes, should have been made ineffectual, by that number—and perhaps twice that number of paupers—coming from all parts of the county, and voting for the pure Democracy?

But we hope soon to get rid of this incubus; then shall Wauwatosa be redeemed.

Yours, AN EYE WITNESS.

WAUWATOSA, Nov. 12th.

WELSH CONCERT AND SUPPER.—On Thursday evening next, November 15, commencing at half-past 7 o'clock, the Welsh residents of this city give a Concert in Albany Hall, the proceeds of which are to be applied to the liquidation of an existing debt, remaining on the Welsh Presbyterian Church of this city. Tickets to the Concert, including supper, are fifty cents each. The Welsh appeal to the people of Milwaukee to help them pay up their church indebtedness, promising a full equivalent for the small price of the tickets. Several choirs of Welsh singers are expected from different parts of the State, and we can vouch for it that those who attend will hear vocal music, both sacred and secular, of the very highest order. The object is a worthy one, and we bespeak a hearty response to the appeal.

Seldom, indeed, is it that a Welshman calls for aid. Mendacity is a science but little understood by the descendants of the Ancient Britons. There are two positions in America where a Welshman is scarcely ever found—answering for a crime, or asking for an office. "Next to street begging, they despise office-begging as the most degrading to a freeman." "Like CRITTENDEN, they only bow the knee to God, but never to political demagogues for the sake of office." * * * "They are found at their industrial pursuits—on their farms, in their shops, or at other honest and honorable labor, *working out their own independence*, but never begging for office or charity, or existing in public-alms houses." No class of foreigners that settle in the United States, exhibit the sterling religious and moral sentiment as do the Welsh. We hazard nothing by this assertion. The statistics of religion, the records of crime, sustain us.

The bulwark of the American citizen, an adoration of the Christian religion, is innate in these people. Wherever a dozen Welsh settle in a new part of the country, the school house and the chapel rise as if by magic. In the cities their houses of worship are numerous. To aid them to pay up a small remaining indebtedness on one of the houses of God in this city, the concert to-morrow night is to be given. We only fulfill a duty, and a pleasant one, in calling attention to it, pointing out a few reasons why a generous aid should be given towards it.

The American Cornet Band will be in attendance, CHARLEY ABBOTT, with his inimitable violin, and in addition, Mr. DICKINSON will perform on the harp.

MUNICIPAL COURT, Nov. 13.—Edward Taylor, disorderly. Penalty and costs $4,50, or 10 days in jail. Costs paid, and execution issued for the balance.

Fred Soule, drunk. Penalty and costs $3,97, or 7 days in jail. Paid.

Thos. Ward, drunk. Penalty and costs $2,50, or 7 days in jail. Paid.

John Sandy, drunk. Penalty and costs $3,50, or 7 days in jail.

Thos. Maher, drunk. Penalty and costs $2,50, or 10 days in jail. Paid.

Michael Walsh, on trial under indictment for larceny. Jury dismissed for dinner, after which they were to take the case under deliberation again.

Peter May was sentenced to State Prison for two years, under an indictment for larceny.

John Lovey, who was indicted for the murder of his wife, has had his case transferred from the Municipal Court to the Circuit Court, in which latter it is to be tried.

The following indictments have also been presented at the present term of Court:

Henry Lew and August Witipskee, indicted for breaking and entering a dwelling house. Arraigned and plead not guilty.

Thos. Smith and John Williams, indicted for *robbery*. They are the *garroters* who are supposed to have attacked Father Donahue and Fred Warner. Arraigned and plead not guilty.

Catharaine Bowles and Mary Ann Jackson, indicted for keeping a house of ill-fame in Fourth street. Arraigned and plead not guilty.

Sophia Lewis, keeping a house of ill-fame in Fourth street. She is in jail, and has not been arraigned.

James Grace, for renting houses to be kept as bawdy houses. James is the person who let the houses to Kate Bowles, Mary Ann Jackson and Sophia Lewis, for the purposes mentioned above, and was very properly arrested for descending to such a disgraceful channel for accumulating the filthy lucre.—Not yet arraigned.

Joseph Strosser, who was held to bail in the sum of $200, for exhibiting obscene paintings, was discharged, there being no bill found against him by the Grand Jury.

CLARK'S CHEMICAL INK ERASER FOR COUNTING HOUSE AND ARTIST'S USE.—A new and ingenious thing is the above. A little box with a few square bits of cloth, and that is all; but you take one of the pieces of cloth, moisten it with your lips, and apply it to an ink stain and the dark spot vanishes as if touched by magic. Very useful and handy to have in the house.

The Lady Elgin Disaster—Inquests.

Held by A. W. HORMAN, Justice of Peace and acting coroner, Lake County Ind., living near Gibson Station on Michigan Central R. R.

No —1.—Oct. 21st, Found one mile east of State Line. Female 5 feet 4 inches; brown delaine dress; white under clothing; wire hoop skirts; white ruffled chemise fastened by one pair oval gold sleeve buttons—die plate work, plain spots in center.

This body has been brought to this city.—The sleeve buttons and a piece of the dress can be seen at the office of the Chief of Police.

No. 2—Oct. 22d.—Three miles east of State Line, near Henry Eggers. Male; 5 feet 8 inches; black pants, broad blue stripe; $6 54 in silver in pocket; pocket-book had name of Christian Hocks written on lap; said book sent to *National Democrat* office, a German paper at Chicago.

One of the musicians' bodies will be here to-morrow morning to be identified. Effects being money, were retained by HORMAN toward fees and expenses.

No. 2—22d Oct.—Boy 7 or 8 years, 7 miles east of State line, brown woolen cloth jacket and trousers, latter buttoned to former, with black glass buttons, gilt edges or rims, yellow colored under clothing, glass or porcelain buttons of various kinds.

Child of Mrs. O'LEARY, fully identified by previous description, and by portions of the dress brought home. The body will be brought here this morning.

21st Oct.—Geo. W. Roberts, 5 feet 6 inches; black overcoat, gray pants, colored or white shirt, with blue figure; calf skin shoes, new; small silver cased watch, thick, opening on both sides, maker's stamp on lid, cap on works, double light steel ring on handle, steel hands, porcelain face, second hand gone, second figure very minute; a horn pocket comb; two bladed horn handle knife.

This body was not exhumed, the description not being recognized—watch, comb and knife delivered by Coroner and lodged with Chief of Police.

No. 5.—Oct. 21.—Buried with above. Six feet high, slender young man, red fine cloth jacket, with blue collar and cuffs, blue pants, high boots, fine and new; $2 paper, $1.95 silver in pocket; blue and white silk woven neck tie—black gutta percha ring.

Recognized as HENRY A. PERSONS and identified by relatives. Neck-tie and ring brought home and delivered to his sister.—The money retained by Justice towards expenses.

No. 6—Oct. 27—Half mile east of State line, very near Fred. Eggers; grey woolen coat, pants and vest—coat mixed, stripe brown and grey; pants of different texture, but similar in appearance, vest different from either in texture, but of the same general appearance; white shirt, gold breast pin, heavy leather belt, with sheath; the initials on breast-pin "A. W. by J. R. B.;" blue and white cap-band; cravat of silk; linen collar; shoes or gaiters.

This body was exhumed as that of ALFRED WILLIAMS, but was found to be too large for him and was returned to the grave; but on reflection it became very certain that it was that of Mr. FAHEY, and Messrs. O'BRIEN and KING and Mr. DUFFY, of Chicago, have returned to Whiting Turn-out for him. The breast-pin, watch, chain and knife are lodged at the Police office. Money retained, and $2,50 paid to make up fees.

No. 7—Oct. 28—7 miles east of station; small man, 5 feet 6 inches; brown overcoat, gray pants, colored calico shirt; gray cross-barred vest; shoes; $1 paper and excursion ticket in pocket; scrap of paper dated July 20th, 1860, "Call at Whaling's, No. 89 *Wisconsin* street, to go to Watertown *cars*, say about 4 o'clock;" a brass door key and watch chain to it.

The body will be here this morning. The key and specimen of vest and shirt are lodged at the police station.

No 8—Oct. 29—Half a mile east of State line; 5 feet 8 inches; green military uniform; blue collar; metal music clamp for instrument, (but now missing;) black cloth pants, blue stripes on side; brittannia tobacco box, 5cured; 35 *cents* in cash; two epaulette buttons; eagle and letter A on shield; jeweler's gold ring on little finger of left hand.

This grave we could not find, through some error in the Coroner's designation. We supposed it to be that of NEVILLE, but No. 14 was, in the meantime, recognized as Lim by his relatives and taken away. Should any of this man's friends recognise him by the description, or by the effects which are at the Police office, they will do well to go to Holman's and get a more exact and correct description of the locality.

No. 9—Oct. 29—One mile north of Pine Station. Woman; 5 feet 2 inches; white printed calico dress; white underclothes; coarse linen chemise, line at the top; wire hoop skirt; blue woolen stockings; calf half boots; $25 in gold, $4 in paper, and $1,47 in silver; money in kid purse with steel clasp; kid imprinted with gold "Aus Hebe;" six iron keys on double iron wire wing; gold pen in silver handle; large size; supposed to be pregnant; gold ear drops one inch long.

Not disinterred. The jury considered this to be the body of a German woman. The effects are lodged at the police station, except $1,50 which was retained for Coroner's fees. We put the numerals IX plainly on the head-board. The grave is less than one mile north-east from Pine station house on the M. S. & N. I. R. R.

No. 10. Oct 29.—Two miles east of Pine Station, a female, small size; pink delaine dress, with white, short flowing sleeves, with several plants or tucks in them, trimmed with 1 1-2 ribbon as nearly as Coroner can remember.

The grave was found, but the person employed to bury the body did not cover the box, and deserves censure.

This description was not recognized, and no sample of the dress was preserved by the Justice.

No. 11.—Oct. 30—Three miles west of Miller's Station, stout man 5 feet 8 inches; a heavy red and grey mixed coarse cloth coat, turned up over the head, body very fleshy, and nearly naked.

This description not recognized. A specimen of the cloth of the coat was brought to this city and can be seen at the Police Station.

No. 13—Oct. 31.—Near Miller's Station, one-fourth mile from road; strong man; 5 feet 10 inches; cowhide sale *boots*—no clothing; no flesh on the head; thick leather strap around waist, about 1 1-2 inches wide.

Description not recognised.

No. 14—Oct. 31.—One-half mile east of Miller's Station; very strong man; had nothing no; a gold ring was delivered to Detwiler, who delivered it to Beck, of Milwaukee.

Recognized as Mr. NEVILLE, by his friends, and brought to this city.

IOWA CATTLE FOR THE BRITISH NAVY.—One of our citizens, who has just returned from a tour through the Northern part of this State, reports that during the last few weeks about 2,000 fat cattle have been purchased in four or five north-eastern counties, to be slaughtered and packed in Milwaukee for the British Navy. Last fall the same parties purchased about nine hundred head in these counties for the same market. Only six or eight years ago, the settlers in these counties were importing cattle for their home use; now they annually export thousands of the best beef cattle to feed the Eastern States and Europe. So we progress.

The pork crop in the north part of the State is said to be unusually good.—*Dubuque Times.*

WE HEARTILY ENDORSE the following deservedly complimentary notice of H. B. DOX, Esq., of Chicago, which we clip from the *Tribune* of yesterday:

"THE MARINE BANK.—H. B. Dox, Esq., well known to our business public as the former Cashier of the Exchange Bank, has been appointed Cashier of the Marine Bank in place of E. F. Carver, Esq., who, as noticed a few weeks since, is now at the head of a flourishing banking office of his own.—Mr. Dox is an experienced Cashier, as well as a courteous gentleman. The business public will give him a cordial welcome in the new position he has been called to fill."

Company Order No. 45.

HEAD QUARTERS, MIL. LIGHT GUARD, 1st Co., 1st Regim't, W. S. M., Milwaukee, Nov. 13, '60.

Officers and members will meet at the Armory, in citizens dress with fatigue cap, this afternoon, (the 14th inst.) promptly at one o'clock, to attend the funeral of Drum Boy HENRY PERSONS. A full attendance is desired.

By Order, A. R. CHAPIN,
Lieut. Commanding.
G. E. BINGHAM, Orderly. nv14d1t

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF COUNCILLORS.—The Board of Councillors met last night; Mayor LYNDE in the Chair.

The Mayor offered an account from Kenosha, to the amount of $68.72, for taking care of bodies recovered at that point, and sent to the city. Referred to the Finance committee.

A communication from counsel in the well-known Police cases, in which it was stated that judgment had been obtained against the city, and stating that it would be well to make it a final judgment in favor of all the Policemen who brought suit. Referred to Finance committee.

A long communication from the Comptroller, relative to the city indebtedness and proposing a plan of adjustment, was read and referred to the joint committee on city indebtedness.

Resolution deeding the land to the Sisters of Charity, which is occupied by them for a Hospital, under condition that it should always be used as such, and that land enough should be deeded back for a continuation of Fifth Avenue. Councillor ALLEN begged to be excused from voting, as he was unacquainted with the question. Resolution lost.

Resolution adopted to pay EDWARD MCGARRY $675, to apply on his contract for building the new City Hall.

Resolution to pay J. B. CROSS $675, in city orders, for quarter's rent, as per bill attached. Adopted.

Resolution to pay ALANSON SWEET $149, for quarter's salary as Superintendent of Bridges. Adopted.

Ordinance to amend an ordinance to change and permanently establish the grade of Spring and other streets in the Fourth Ward, and have it done immediately. Adopted.

THE BETS ON THIS COUNTY.—There were a large number of bets on *two thousand* Democratic majority for DOUGLAS and ARNOLD in this county. The official canvass yesterday determined all these bets in favor of our Republican friends; the majorities falling a few votes short of 1900.

BELL AND BRECKINRIDGE.—Mr. BELL received 38 votes in this county and Mr. BRECKINRIDGE 34—total 72. These two large parties ought to have "fused."

SUPPLY HOSE CO. No. 1.—Members are urgently requested to be promptly on hand at 1 o'clock this afternoon to attend the funeral of our late comrade, HENRY PERSONS.

FRANK BOYD, Secretary.

OYSTERS.—FRANK RAYMOND has a fresh stock of oysters at his depot. They are pronounced even a little extra than usual even.

LOCAL NOTICES.

THE CHRONICLES!

A LOCAL NOVELTY!

WILL BE PUBLISHED BY 1ST OF JANUARY, 1861,

The Chronicles of Milwaukee!

Being sketches of the early history of the town; biographical notices of its prominent citizens and mechanics; Reminiscences of the "Oldest Inhabitants"; Narrative, Letters, &c.

FROM 1818 TO 1860.

With a full account of the Commercial, Manufacturing and Social improvements. Critical notices of the Bar and Clergy. A Review of the City Indebtedness, the Railroad Indebtedness, and a compendium of its present

Geographical and Commercial Advantages.

This is a book which every citizen of Milwaukee is interested in, and should be sent all over the country. It will be published in a style creditable to the city, and sold *only* to subscribers.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

Names should be sent to the SENTINEL Office as early as possible, that the Publishers, in putting the first forms to press may know exactly how large an edition to work off. oct27

REMOVAL.

MINER & FARIES have removed their Dental Rooms to the new and elegant suite of apartments over Hassett & Chapman's new store, on East Water Street, where they will practice Dentistry in all its branches.

G. B. MINER,
E. J. FARIES.

CHEMICAL INK ERASER.

THE PROPRIETORS of this article are stopping in town for a short time, and will call on our merchants and book keepers and offer for sale this article, which is far superior to any other Eraser for removing ink blots, blurs, errors, &c.

State Rights for sale. Any man of ordinary business tact can make from $5 to $10 per day, with but a small investment of capital. For particulars inquire of A. B. FOANS, at the American House, for one week.

Milwaukee, Nov. 12, 1860. nov12d30d1w

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

From State of Maine to Baton Rouge
All know BRYAN'S VERMIFUGE;
Tasteless, harmless, death to worms
Of all sizes, kinds, and forms;
Mothers feel, indeed, secure,
With this painless, peerless cure.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 dimes. Sold by Henry Foss, Jr., and by druggists. oct19d1m

ALLIS & McGREGOR,
LAND, LOAN & INSURANCE AGENTS,
OFFICE UN

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 14, 1860

The Right of Secession.

Some of the ultra Southern journals, under the influence of excited feeling and strong local prejudice, are claiming for any and every State in the Union the right to *secede* at will. They treat the Union as a mere partnership, from which any member of the concern has the right to withdraw, at any time, or for any cause. *As germane* to the question and *decisive* of this secession claim, the New York *Times* republishes the correspondence between HAMILTON and MADISON, pending the adoption of the Federal Constitution by the State of New York. New York was unwilling to accept that instrument and join the Union which it created, unless she could terminate her connection with it at pleasure. Her proposition was to join for five or six years, with the right then to withdraw if she desired.—ALEXANDER HAMILTON was inclined to favor the compromise, and wrote to MADISON in regard to it from Poughkeepsie, July, 1788, in these terms:

"You will understand that *the only qualification will be the reservation of a right to recede*, in case our amendments have not been decided upon, in one of the modes pointed out by the Constitution, within a certain number of years, perhaps five or seven. If this can, in the first instance, be admitted as a ratification, I do not fear any further consequences. Congress will, I presume, recommend certain amendments to render the structure of the Government more secure. This will satisfy the more considerate and honest opposers of the Constitution, and with the aid of them will break up the party.

Yours, affectionately,
ALEXANDER HAMILTON."

And here is MADISON'S reply:

NEW YORK, Sunday evening.

MY DEAR SIR:—Yours of yesterday is this instant at hand, and I have but a few minutes to answer it. I am sorry that your situation obliges you to listen to propositions of the nature you describe. My opinion is that a reservation of a right to withdraw, if amendments be not decided on under the form of the Constitution within a certain time, is a conditional ratification; that it does not make New York a member of the new Union, and consequently that she should not be received on that plan. Compacts must be reciprocal; this principle would not in such case be preserved. *The Constitution requires an adoption in toto and* FOREVER. It has been so adopted by the other States.

An adoption for a limited time would be as defective as an adoption of some of the articles only. In short any condition whatever must vitiate the ratification. What the new Congress, by virtue of the power to admit new States, may be able and disposed to do in such a case, I do not inquire, and I suppose that it is not the material point at present. I have not a moment to add more than my fervent wish for your success and happiness. *The idea of reserving the right to withdraw was started at Richmond, and considered as a conditional ratification, which was itself abandoned—worse than rejection.*

Yours,
JAMES MADISON.

New York finally abandoned her claim, and "adopted the Constitution *in toto*, and FOREVER." And so did all the other States. No one of them has any right to secede,—or to withdraw from the obligations and responsibilities of the Union. In the language of Judge SPENCER ROANE, President of the Electoral College of Virginia in 1808, "it is *treason* to secede."

Taken on Badly.

The Sheboygan *Journal*, a Douglas paper, seems to feel rather worse than any of its yoke-fellows, over the result of the Presidential election. Hear how it rails at Mr. BUCHANAN and the South, for declining to support DOUGLAS:

Well, Old Mullgrubs and his tools, and the Southern Secessionists, have done the work—defeated the Democracy and elected Lincoln. They, and they alone are responsible and accountable for whatever mischief or disaster to the country comes of the result. Let the worst come—Democrats can stand it as well as their opponents.

But the South, of all others, should be the last to whine. To them belong all their heads let them be heaped thick. We have no sympathy for them. If they have slave insurrections, and rapine and murder stalk through their midst, so be it—they alone have persistently sought such a state of things.

If a "Black Republican" paper had set up such a "sectional" howl against the South, how the Democratic press would have teemed with denunciations. But it is all right for one of their side to heap "oourses" on the South.

WILL CHIEF JUSTICE TANEY RESIGN?—As it is known that Judge TANEY is now quite old and very feeble, it is often inquired whether he will not resign before the incoming of a new administration in order that the old Administration may have the appointment of a successor. In the absence of all direct information, the *following* anecdote is submitted as throwing some light on the subject—from which we should infer that he belongs to the race of officeholders who seldom die and never resign:

"When the Library in the capitol was in flames, and clouds of smoke were rolling out and enveloping the building, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court appeared in his seat at the usual hour, looking quite tranquil and undisturbed. 'May it please your Honor,' said an officer of the Court, 'will the Court sit to day?' The Chief Justice looked up, and coolly and significantly asked, 'Is the court-room really on fire?'—'Oh, no, not yet,' was the answer. 'Then *we'll sit till it is*,' added the Chief. And the Court did sit, and transacted business as usual, amid all the confusion about it."

FUSION CHEATING.—Mr. PENNINGTON was defeated in the Fifth District of New Jersey, by the *circulation, after dark*, of a a ticket printed exactly like the Republican ticket, with the exception that Mr. PERRY'S name was printed, instead of Mr. PENNINGTON. The polls in New Jersey are kept open till seven o'clock in the evening, and the darkness favored the deception. The counterfeit ticket received about 170 votes in Hudson county alone, which was enough to change the result.

A UNITED STATES SENATOR WEARING THE BLUE COCKADE.—We learn from the Columbus *Times* that Senator TOOMBS wore in the streets of Columbus, Ga., the other day, a blue cockade, presented to him by some of the Montgomery ladies while he was in that city. Of course, after such an exhibition of himself, it was eminently proper that Mr. TOOMBS should send in his resignation.

CONNECTICUT.—The total vote is 77,392, divided as follows:

Lincoln	43,792
Douglas	15,427
Breckinridge	14,624
Bell	1,518
Fusion	2,999

LINCOLN'S majority over all, 10,056; plurality, 28,297. DOUGLAS leads BRECKINRIDGE 803.

MICHIGAN.—The Detroit *Advertiser of* Saturday gives a table of majorities from forty-nine counties, which foot up 22,063 for LINCOLN and 30 for DOUGLAS. LINCOLN'S majority in the State will be not less than 23,000. That will do for the gallant Wolverines!

OHIO.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* of Saturday has a table of majorities from thirty seven counties, footing up 35,984 for LINCOLN, being a Republican gain since the October election of 10,600. LINCOLN'S maj. in the State is in the neighborhood of 40,000.

PIERCE COUNTY.—The following are the reported Republican majorities in Pierce County:

Lincoln, 226; Hanchett, 207; Palmer, Assemblyman, 215. All the Republican county ticket elected, except Sheriff.

TREMPELEAU COUNTY.—The Trempsleau *Representative* brings us returns from two towns in that county, giving 176 majority for LINCOLN and as much for HANCHETT.—The Republican majority in the county will be from three to four hundred.

BAD AX COUNTY.—Later reports indicate that this county will give about 600 majority *for Lincoln*. HANCHETT for Congress, gets nearly as large a vote.

D. H. JOHNSON, Esq., is elected to the Assembly by from 400 to 500 majority.

"THE ORIGINAL JACOBS."—The first Wide-Awake Club that was organized in the United States, issues the following:

TO THE WIDE AWAKES OF THE UNION.

GREETING—"The Original Jacobs" will meet you in Washington, March 4th, 1861.

New York City and State.

The Republican vote in the city of New York has nearly doubled since 1856, while that of their opponents has scarcely increased at all. Here are the figures:

In 1856 the Buchanan vote was	41,913
Fillmore	19,922
Total	61,835
The Fusion vote in 1860 is	62,823
Increase only	988
The vote for Fremont in 1856 was	17,771
The Lincoln vote in 1860 is	38,007
Increase	15,236

In other words, the additional vote of four years is almost exclusively Republican. If growth is an evidence of health, this may be partly considered as a good indication that the Republican party is a "healthy political organization."

The Republican majority in the State grows with each successive return. The *Tribune* of Saturday now makes it 49,203. The *World* figures it up to 51,000. It will not, we think, differ much from 50,000.

The Next Congress.

As far as elected, the members of the House of Representatives of the next Congress stand Republicans 103, Democrats 47, Union 3. The States that are yet to elect, being all Southern States except California, Connecticut, New Hampshire and Rhode Island, will probably give 9 Republicans, 57 Democrats and 18 Union. If so, the next House, which goes into session when LINCOLN becomes President, will stand Republicans 112, Democrats 104, Union 24.

We do not doubt that many of the so-called "Union" men and possibly some of the "Democrats" will be found cordially co-operating with the Republicans in the support of the leading measures and general policy of the LINCOLN administration.

One of the Rich Fruits of Victory.

The New York *Times* is felicitating itself and the decent people of New York, that amongst many great blessings to grow out of the Republican victory on Tuesday, the extermination of the race of Federal office-holders who have so long disgraced that city. The *Times* says:

"The downfall of the old Democracy at Washington brings down with it from every post and nook of the national offices in this great metropolis, an undistinguishable cloud of corruption, long nestled there to the offense and indignation of all decent men, whose cruel destiny has compelled them to have any dealings with the government. We mean only the confidential and selected persons of the Presidential phalanx; the men, whom, like Rynders, he has advanced to offices once held respectable, only to make those offices synonymous with all that is vulgar, violent, indecent and vile. * * The simple prospect that the ordinary Executive offices of the Federal government in this city are no longer to be filled by persons whose society it is impossible for respectable men to endure, by the associates of rowdies, shoulder-hitters, emigrant runners and political gamblers, by bullies whose good nature itself is scarcely less intolerable than their insolence; this is of itself, or should be, sufficient to reconcile many a decent Democrat of New York to the results of the conflict which was yesterday brought to its consummation of triumph less over the principles than over the perversions of his own political party."

Outagamie County.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

APPLETON, Nov. 9, 1860.

EDS. SENTINEL.—I notice that you have had a report from *this* portion, but, now that the hurry and excitement has in a measure abated, I will furnish you a few of the particulars.

This county has done nobly, all things considered. When we take into consideration the fact that the Democracy have been busily engaged for the past three or four months marshalling their forces, and urging their suit, it is not at all surprising that they continue to hold sway in the county; but let it be known that their grasp has been mightily loosened this fall. DOUGLAS has a majority of 195, and our "working member" a majority of less than 200. Two years ago LARRABEE had 350 majority in the county; and, at the last fall election, the Democratic majority was about the same. We have elected our County Treasurer and Clerk of the Court. Say you that the Outagamies have been quiet and careless? We are bound to send forth a report from this section before a great many years shall have passed, that will be unblemished.

Calumet, the home of HARRISON C. HOBART, and the county that has been strongly Democratic for several years, redeems herself by electing the entire Republican ticket. All honor to the little county.

J.

Columbia County—Great Republican Gain.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 8, 1860.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Hurrah for Old Abe! Columbia county has improved upon our most sanguine calculations. The following are the Republican majorities:

Lincoln, 1,814; Sloan, 1,803; Senator, 1,173; Sheriff, 1,193; Treasurer, 1,310; District Attorney, 1,410; Clerk Court, 1,056; Register, 1,674. Yours truly, E. J.

THE BRIDGE STORY ONCE MORE.—The Bay City *Press*, in its last issue, thus finally disposes of the Bridge story fabricated by the Appleton *Crescent*, during the recent campaign:

"As we before stated, the story made its first appearance in the Appleton *Crescent*—sufficient almost of itself to stamp it as a fabrication. And in this week's *Crescent* we see the last statement of the *Advocate* copied with sundry libellous remarks prefixed; and thus is this foul slander on our county started on its travels. The simple facts, we are informed, are that a Hollander with an ox team, in passing over the bridge, deviated a little from the centre, and the planks lying loosely on stringers were tipped up, and the wagon precipitated in the gully, where it was left during the night. In the morning, with the assistance of some neighbors living near, the wagon was raised, and the planks replaced. Here is the whole story, and out of this has been manufactured, for political effect, one of the most infamous slanders we ever saw perpetrated, and we envy not the feelings of those who first started it, or those who aided in giving it circulation."

A VALUEABLE PICTURE.—WERTMULLER'S picture of DANAE, that has just been "resurrected" in New York, is valued at $25,000, and is probably by this time the property of the Stockholm Academy of Painting. The theme of the picture is indicated by the name. DANAE is reclining, at the moment Jupiter comes to her in the *form of a shower of gold*. The couch is low and simple, and the drapery extremely graceful and skillfully managed; the fair and frail one is entirely nude; her form is extremely beautiful, and its representation displays great anatomical knowledge in the painter. Notwithstanding the nature of his subject, the artist has very skillfully avoided anything like coarseness and almost immodesty.

THE Governors of Louisiana, Tennessee, and Kentucky, have followed the example of our Northern Governors in appointing Nov. 29th for Thanksgiving.

BAD ACCIDENT.—Patrick McCabe, City Surveyor, was picked up about 6 o'clock on Sunday morning, at the front door of the City Hall, in an apparently dying condition; having *evidently fallen down the stone* stair case, sometime during the night, striking his head upon the lower stair and inflicting a frightful wound *from which* the blood had run out upon the sidewalk. He was at first supposed, dying, but it is now hoped that he may live, as his skull is not fractured.—*Madison Journal.*

THE OYSTER trade of Fair Haven, Conn., is something to talk about. In order to hold the opened bivalves there is required annually 351,450 tin cans and 446,833 wooden kegs: They sell 1,000,000 bushels in the shell, and 1,000,000 gallons are opened annually:

NIGHT brings out stars, as sorrow show us truths; we never see the stars until we can see little or naught else—and thus it is with truth.

VANITAS VANITATUM.

The Glasgow *Free Press* publishes this as an original poem, by GERALD GRIFFIN, which hitherto slumbered in obscurity. It certainly displays much of the character of GRIFFIN'S pious, plaintive muse.

The stream that hurries by yon fixed shore
Returns no more;
The wind that dies at dawn yon dewy lawn
Breathes sad it's sone;
Those withered flowers to summer's ripening glow
No more shall blow;
Those fallen leaves that strew yon garden bed
For aye are dead.
On shore, or sea, or hill, or vale, or plain,
Naught shall remain;
Vain'y for smashing sad, and joys gone by,
We heave a sigh.
On, ever on, will unexhausted breath
Time hastes to death;
Even with each *word we speak* a moment flies—
Is born and dies;
Of all for which poor mortals vainly mourn
Naught shall return.
Life hath its *home in heaven* and earth beneath,
And so hath death;
Not all the chains that clank in eastern clime
Can fetter time;
For all the phials in the doctor's store
Youth comes to more;
No drug on age's wrinkled cheek renew
Life's early hue;
Not all the tears by pious mourner's shed
Can wake the dead.

If thus through lesser nature's empire wide
Nothing abide—
If wind, and wave, and leaf, and sun, and flower,
Have all their hour—
He wnks on ice whose dallying spirit clings
To earthly things;
And he alone is wise whose well taught love
Is fixed above;
Truth's firm and bright, but oft to mortal ear
Chilling and drear;
Harsh as the raven's croak the sounds that tell
Of pleasures knell;
Pray, reader, that the *minstrel's warning* strain
Not all be vain:
And when thou bendest to God the suppliant knee,
Remember me.

A Fashionable Marriage in England.

From the London Times, Oct. 13.

The marriage of Lady Emma Charlotte Stanley with the Hon. Colonel C. Wellington Talbot, brother of the Earl of Shrewsbury, an event which for a considerable time past has formed a topic of conversation in fashionable, and even in political circles, took place on Thursday morning in the quiet little church of Knowsley. The nuptials, as it is well known, were to have taken place a week previously, but were postponed on account of a severe attack of illness by which the Earl of Derby, father of the bride, had been confined to his bed at Knowsley Hall for some days. His Lordship, though convalescent, is still in a weak state of health, and this unfortunate circumstance formed at once a reason for the privacy of the marriage. Pursuant to arrangements, the company invited to Knowsley Hall to be present at the marriage was almost entirely limited to the immediate relatives of the bride and bridegroom, and these, beside the Earl and Countess of Derby, Lord Stanley, and the Hon. Frederick Stanley, consisted of the Earl of Shrewsbury and Lady Gertrude and Lady Alice Talbot, Lord Mostyn, the Rev. Frank and Lady Eleanor Hopwood and the Misses Hopwood, the aunt and cousins of the bride, Lady Letitia Kerr, Lady Alice Kerr, Colonel Stanley, Mr. A. Wilbraham, Mrs. Wilbraham, and Captain Lowe. The Earl, of Sefton, Lord-Lieutenant of Lancshire, and Lady Cecilia Molyneux were also invited. The following young ladies sustained the office of bridesmaids:—Two Misses Wilbraham, Lady Letitia Kerr, Lady Alice Kerr, Lady Gertrude Talbot, Lady Alice Talbot, and Lady Catherine Egerton.

According to previous arrangement the hour for the marriage was fixed for half past 11 o'clock and a few minutes before that hour the company, which had previously assembled in the drawing-room, descended, and took seats in the carriages which had been prepared to convey them to church. There were eight carriages in all, of which five belonged to the Earl of Derby and three to the Earl of Sefton.

At the church a temporary covering had been erected over the space which intervenes between the road and the church door, and under this cover were arranged about 20 girls belonging to the school supported by the Countess of Derby. These were neatly dressed in pink and white, and as the noble bride approached they strewed flowers in her path. The first carriage contained Col. Talbot, the bridegroom, and Capt. Lowe. The state carriage of the Earl of Derby contained the Countess of Derby, Lady Emma Stanley, Mrs. Wilbraham, and Lord Stanley. The bride was attired with simplicity, her dress being white silk covered with rich white lace, her veil being also of white lace, the whole trimmed with green. In the absence of the Earl of Derby, she was led to the altar by Lord Stanley. The bridesmaids were also attired in white, their cloaks and bonnets trimmed with edging and knots of magenta. The bride was given away by Lord Stanley; and the marriage ceremony was performed in an impressive manner by the Rev. Frank Hopwood the uncle of the bride. Besides the party already named there were also present at the altar the Dowager Countess of Sefton, Lady Elenor Hopwood, Lady Cecelia Molyneux, the Hon. Frederick Stanley, Col. Stanley, and several others of the guests who are staying at Knowsley Hall. The church was filled by a highly respectable congregation, consisting for the most part of ladies. After the marriage ceremony had been concluded, Lady Emma and Colonel Talbot were loudly cheered as they entered the carriage and drove off towards Knowsley Hall, the other carriages following with the rest of the company.

A splendid luncheon was immediately afterwards served up in the banqueting saloon at Knowsley Hall, at which all the guests were present, at the conclusion of which the newly-married pair drove off to Bitch Hall, near Ormskirk, the residence of Mr. Wilbraham, aunt of Lady Emma Talbot, where they spend the honeymoon.

Much regret was expressed throughout the day at the unavoidable absence of the Earl of Derby, whose health is still so precarious as to occasion some anxiety to his friends. He is much better than he was, and is now able to leave his bed, but he is still confined to his room. The attack from which he suffers has been much more severe than was generally known, and the greatest care will still be requisite to insure recovery. His Lordship still experiences acute pain and is very weak.

THE GREAT HOLLAND REMEDY—BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS.—PERSONS subject to nervous sick headache, will find in Boerhave's Holland Bitters, a sure, safe and pleasant remedy. It soothes the throbbing head, corrects acidity of the stomach, assists digestion, and creates a healthy appetite. It is, without doubt, a most delightful preparation, and an effectual remedy. The fact that it is now a very popular medicine throughout all the Holland settlements in Wisconsin, New York, Michigan, Illinois and Indiana, speaks much in its favor. See advertissment in another column. ed1m

GUERNSEY'S BALM!

Boots and Shoes.

Dealers in Boots and Shoes,

THE CELEBRATED COPPER TOE!

WADSWORTH & WELLS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,

60 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO 60.

WE OWN THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT for the sale of MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES, for and within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and hereby give notice that all parties dealing in these goods within the above States, without having first arranged with us and by our consent, are and will be dir ct infringers upon our EXCLUSIVE rights, and that as soon as we are advised of any infringement, shall demand proper and immediate redress.

We have made extensive arrangements with the most celebrated manufacturers, whereby we can fully supply the public demand with the best qualities of these Tipped Boots and Shoes from our store in Chicago, each pair of which will be stamped and labeled with our name.

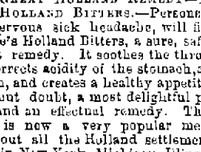
We shall recognize no Tipped goods within either the above States, but such are thus stamped and supplied by us.

We will warrant in all instances one pair of child's copper-tipped shoes to out wear two and oftentimes three of the best leather soles, and a saving of this alone, as can be shown by very many testimonials, while the expense is but a trifle more, making an actual saving of 50 per cent to the purchaser, and of a hundred per cent.

Merchants and dealers in Boots and Shoes within the above States, can also find these Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes supplied and properly stamped by Wadsworth & Wells. For sale also by ATKINS, SMITH & WHITE, and BRADLEY & METCALF, Milwaukee.

sep12d27t69dawlw WADSWORTH & WELLS.

EYE AND EAR.



DR. F. A. CADWELL,

Operator on the Eye and Ear.

For Deafness, Blindness, and all defects of Sight and Hearing.

DR. C. BEING A REGULAR PHYSICIAN, with TWENTY YEARS' exclusive practice in the treatment of diseases of the EYE AND EAR, will be found fully qualified to give relief or effect a cure in any case within the reach of human skill.

☞ *No charge for an examination or opinion, or for unsuccessful services.*

DR. C'S TREATISE ON THE EYE AND EAR, of 96 pp., containing References, Testimonials, Description of Diseases, Cases, and other important matter, illustrated with Cuts, to be had *gratis*, by sending *Ten Cents* to pay postage, Address Dr. CADWELL, 93 Randolph St., corner Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.

oct9 k19d1y

PINNEY YOUNG'S

Patent Double Cut Sawing Machines.

WE HAVE FOR SALE A FEW OF the celebrated "Pinney Young's Double Cut Sawing Machines," with 22 and 30 inch saws, cut from 18 to 26 feet in length, and set from 8 inch to 2 inches in thickness. These machines surpass all others in rapidity of action, and excellence of work. Terms liberal. J. E. SMITH & CO.

oct19k18d3awlmw

New York Advertisements.

From S. M. Pettingill's Agency.

Commission, Real Estate Office, AND

Exchange Brokers,

33 CEDAR ST., NEW YORK.

Real Estate Bought, Sold and Exchanged. Bonds and Mortgages Negotiated.

JEROLIMAN & BOYD.

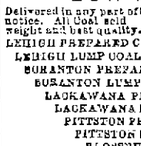
WESTERN LANDS.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO the disposal of Western Lands, either for cash, exchanged for merchandize, or other property.

nov14d1m

SOYER'S SULTANA'S SAUCE.

For Hot and Cold Dishes of all Kinds.



THIS MOST DELICIOUS and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of GROSS & BLACKWELL, London, from the original receipt in the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is equally suitable to all seasons of the year, whether it be required to assist the appetite and aid in digestion.

Opinions of the London Press.

"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled the 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is named after the Turkish Sultana, whose favorite it is said, and it affords considerable addition to the list of SLOW AND WEAK DISHES."—*The Lancet.*

"SOYER'S Sauce is good and spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer."—*Observer.*

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—*Atlas.*

Sole Agents for the United States.

GRANNIS, WELLS & FULLER, 21 Platten st., New York, and BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers, everywhere.

jan12y&Dec31y

From W. M. McDonald's Agency

RICHARDSON'S

IRISH LINENS,

DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &C.

CONSUMERS OF RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm:

J. N. RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,

as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the goods.

This condition is rendered essentially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are pirated, some after years and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumers and the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.

J. BULLOCKE & J. B. LOOKE, Agents,
sep18k3d1y 36 Church Street, New York.

CARPET PAPER.

WE HAVE A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of Carpet Paper for sale at a less price than the same article can be found in the city.

oct19 NOONAN & McNAB.

Groceries and Provisions.

N. G. BISHOP,

No. 206 East Water Street, Mil.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries & Provisions,

GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS,

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, &c

WOULD INVITE THE ATTENTION of Families and Country Merchants to the large stock of goods in the above line, which he is just receiving from the East, and which he offers for sale, at the old stand, FOR CASH, at prices as low as those of any other establishment in the trade.

TEAS—Best in the market. Oolong, English Breakfast, Imperial, Young Hyson, &c., &c.

COFFEES—Java, Rio, Laguira, &c., &c.

PICKLES—Olive, Pine, Piccalilli, plain and mixed.

Oysters, Lobsters, &c., &c.

CAN FRUIT—Peaches, Plums, Pine Apples, Tomatoes, &c., &c.

SAUCES—Worcestershire, Sultana, Anchovy, Curtain, Capers, &c.

FRENCH and English Mustard.

FOR PUDDINGS—Tapioca, Sago, Farina, Corn Starch.

FANCY SOAP—Honey, Dr. Windsor, Almond, Transparent and Unscented.

CANDLES and MATS of all kinds.

WOODEN and WILLOW WARE of every variety.

BIRD CAGES—Plain and fancy, from thirty-one cents to $7. With every other article in the line of business.

☞ The public are respectfully invited to give him a call, and they may be assured he will offer them goods at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction; and to country merchants he would say call at this establishment before purchasing elsewhere, and you will find it for your interest.

Milwaukee, Oct. 24, 1860. oct25k.1Daily

NEW YORK DIRECT.

H. W. GEORGE & CO.,

FAMILY GROCERS,

NO. 31 WISCONSIN STREET,

YOUNG'S BLOCK.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM THE East direct, one of the LARGEST AND FINEST STOCKS of

Family Groceries, Fruits, &c.,

Ever brought to the city of Milwaukee.

Have a full and complete assortment of SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, FIGS, RAISINS, DATES, PRUNES, HONEY, CANDIES, NUTS, DRIED FRUITS, SALT and SMOKED FISH, &c., &c.

Also, all kinds of FRESH AND PRESERVED FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND CANNED GOODS.

Also, hermetically sealed FRESH and PICKLED LOBSTERS, CLAMS, SALMON, &c., all of which, together with all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE we are offering at LOW RATES.

It is not necessary that we should enumerate or make any blow about our

TEAS,

But will simply say that we have on hand a large stock of these goods, and our reputation which the old concern has always sold, and which have always given satisfaction both as to price and quality.

Also, are prepared to transact a general fruit and commission business in all classes of goods pertaining to their line of trade.

COUNTRY DEALERS will find us CHEAP as in the East, difference of freight.

Goods delivered to any part of the City FREE.

H. W. GEORGE & CO.
mar31d3m&dly JOHN H. TAYLOR.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!

THE LARGEST STOCK

AND THE

LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY

ARE AT

HUNN & CROSBY'S!

No. 184 East Water Street,

WHERE OUR FRIENDS AND THE public generally can always find the choicest articles in the Grocery line, selling at the very lowest figure for cash, and don't you forget it. Our motto is

"Small Profits and Quick Returns!"

To which we strictly adhere, and we please ourselves that all those who call upon us will find the same qualities can be bought for at any other store in the city. This is nothing boast, as we will demonstrate to all our friends who will call and favor us with an opportunity to prove it. We keep everything in the way of FINE GROCERIES, and shall, at all times, be pleased to exhibit them, and have the truth of our assertions tested. Our space will not permit us to enumerate the various articles to be found upon our shelves. We can only say that we are "AT HOME" in every department, and can supply you with the

SUBSTANTIALS OF LIFE.

That are desirable to be found in a first-class grocery.

☞ Small sales and favors, and they will be promptly and the goods delivered in any part of the city, free of charge.

HUNN & CROSBY.

febinlyd&w1y

J. W. LEDYARD,

161 EAST WATER ST., MIL.

Opposite the Wis. Marine & Fire Ins. Co. Bank.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND is prepared to offer at prices as low as can be found in Milwaukee,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, HAMS,

Eggs, Pickles, Sauces, Condiments, &c., &c., &c.

Also, CHOICE WINES, Fine Liquors, including Brandies from the first Houses in France, Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Bourbon and Rye Whiskey, Scotch Whisky, &c., &c.

HAVANA CIGARS—all favorite brands.

Champagnes from Heidsieck & Co., Moet & Chandon's Sparkling Hock and Moselle Wines, Bordeaux Wines, Oporto and Malaga, Marsachino, Boker's & Mill's Bitters, &c.

☞ Agent for

J. J. Sand's Celebrated Cream Ales,

In quarters, halves and whole barrels.

Solid Twines, Bag Twines, Wrapping Twines, and a very superior article of Tarred Twine.

All for sale at very low prices at

oct15 161 East Water Street.

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

CASH COAL YARD!

C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold by this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND OLEVELAND COAL.

Willdeliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the lakes or in the country, at eastern prices, adding freight.

☞ All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.

☞ Office and Yard, corner of West Water and Clybourn streets, near Huron Street Bridge. Milwaukee. jy16d3m&dly

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal; for Steam, Blacksmith, and Family purposes. Also

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawed or unsawed, to suit customers.

AT LOW PRICES,

Delivered to any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold here warranted good weight, and of the best quality.

All large consumers and dealers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the cargo, for steam and blacksmith purposes, please give us a call. We will sell at Cleveland prices, delivered on board vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacksmith Coal now in the market, being proprietors of an extensive Coal mine, and receiving fresh Coals daily at Cleveland, are prepared to sell as low as can be found.

☞ Office of Empire Wood and Coal Yard, corner of Oneida and River Streets, Milwaukee, Wis.

mar25d3m&dly

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CARPET PAPER.

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oct19 NOONAN & McNAB.

Philadelphia Advertisements

From V. P. Palmer's Agency.

HANDSOME WOMEN

TO THE LADIES.

HUNT'S "BLOOM OF ROSES," A rich and delicate color for the cheeks and lips. Also, HUNT'S "PEARL BEAUTIFIER," and when either applied remains durable for years, mailed free in bottles for $1.00.

HUNT'S "COURT TOILET POWDER," imparts a dazzling whiteness to the complexion, and is unlike anything else used for this purpose, mailed free for $1.00 each.

HUNT'S "IMPERIAL POMADE," for the hair, strengthens and improves its growth, keeps it from falling out, and will restore, or MAKE THE HAIR CURL, mailed free for $1.00.

HUNT'S "PEARL BEAUTIFIER," for the teeth and gums, gives the teeth a delicate pearl tinge, purifies the breath, effectually PRESERVES THE TEETH AND PREVENTS TOOTH-ACHE, mailed free for $1.00.

HUNT'S "BRITISH BALM," removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all eruptions of the skin, mailed free for $1.00.

HUNT'S "BRIDAL WREATH PERFUME," a double extract of orange blossoms and cologne, mailed free for $1.00.

This exquisite perfume was first used by the PRINCESS SOPHIA OF ENGLAND, on her marriage, and is now used by the Queen and Princesses. Where can be obtained its strength, richness and aromatic flavor, together with all necessary accompaniments. Those knowing and now how to do the thing up, and always succeed in pleasing his customers; hence the reason he enjoys so large a run of custom.—*Milwaukee News.*

THOMSON'S EATING HOUSE.—At Hartford, on the La Crosse and Milwaukee R. R., lives the jolliest, best natured, broadest faced, loudest laughing, best feeling, coolest tempered man in the business. His name is Thomson. He dispenses pies and cakes and boiled hen's eggs, and dough-nuts, and strong coffee, and chickens, and lots of such stuff, to the hungry passengers. His price for all a man can eat is 50 cts. Splitters and Co. don't get at Thomson's mouth to put how to prolong his life, or to enjoy the luxuries of this world.—*La Crosse Union & Democrat.* oct18d3w1m

J. N. RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,

Linen Drapers to the Queen,

REGENT STREET, LONDON, & 707 SANSOM ST., The Trade supplied. PHILADELPHIA.

HATCH & CO.,

SHIP AGENTS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

136 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, PRODUCE, COTTON, WINES AND LIQUORS,

Cigars and Tobacco.

☞ Claims for errors to be made on receipt of goods. nov13d7t5d6m

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES, which I will sell at great bargains, for cash, at private sale:

One Hundred Reams Hurgar-Proof Sale, entirely new; size, 41 inches high, 27 inches wide, 21 inche deep within iron chests.

One Hundred House Desks, with open arrangements, complete.

One Letter Press, with 12 boxes.

One High-Back Office Chair.

Five Oakland Office Chairs.

One Shower and Pipe.

One hundred and seven Paper Boxes.

One Carpet.

The above articles are all calculated for Warehouse Counting Room or wheat operators. The same article can be found in the city.

nov7 CALEB WALL.

THE RA

Special Notices.

American Watches,

MADE BY THE

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY,

AT WALTHAM, MASS.

Attention is invited to the following statement and the accompanying letters of recommendation and testimonials, in favor of these celebrated Watches.

A gold medal was awarded the Company by the American Institute at New York in 1857.

The Company also received the first premium—a gold medal from the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, in 1859.

These Watches have now been in market for nearly ten years, during which time they have been tested as to accuracy, durability, and reliability in every conceivable manner, and have proved themselves to be the most satisfactory time-pieces ever offered to the public.

This result has been brought about by a strict application of mechanical science to the construction of the Watch from its very inception, rendering it when finished, mathematically correct in all its proportions, and necessarily as perfect a timekeeper as it is possible to make.

The Company have tested their Watches in many instances, by actual daily noting, and the result of this test has been that they have exhibited a rate equal in regularity to the best marine chronometer.

From the Prairie Farmer, Oct. 1860.

AMERICAN WATCHES.—Nearly a year ago, we received from Messrs. Hobbins & Appleton, General Agents of the American Watch Company, and *paid for* a gold looking watch, "warranted," with the request that after thorough trial we should say what we thought of it, editorially. It has been our constant companion nearly a year. We have had no fault to find with the way it has ticked the time. We *do not want a better timepiece* than this has proved to be thus far. Once regulated (and we regulated it ourself) it has scarcely varied a half minute a month from "transit time." Added to its quality as a good time keeper, it is honestly and substantially made. Were we going to purchase, we should *prefer* an American watch.

Office of the Tribune,
New York, Oct 27, 1859.

American Watch Company, Waltham:

Gentlemen—Having carried one of your watches for the last eight years, I can say confidently that they will do, and may be bought with assurance that they will keep time. I believe the watch unsurpassed.

HORACE GREELEY.

New York, Aug. 2, 1860.

Gentlemen—In reply to yours of 25th ultc, we take pleasure in stating that the American watch now in use upon our railroad, has varied only six seconds, in a little over six months.

Respectfully,
S. W. & W. A. TOWNEY,
Contractors on the Rar. and Del. Bay R. R.
Tomlens. Robbins & Appleton.

Boston, Sept. 27, 1859.

Mr. R. M. Robbins, Treasurer Amer. Watch Co.:

Dear Sir—It gives me great pleasure to comply with your request for a report of the performance of the American Watch I purchased of you Dec. 2, 1858. It was set on that day, and the variation from true time to the 29th of February, 1859, when I let it run down, was ten second last. From that time to the present, it has run with nearly perfect steadiness, having during the eight months remained at from seven to nine seconds fast, and this with uncommonly rough usage. I can commend your manufacture in the highest terms.

Yours truly,
JAMES H. CLAFF,
Firm of Clapp, Fuller & Brown, Bankers, Boston.

The following named gentlemen may be referred to in relation to these Watches:

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Me.; John G. Saxe, Vermont; N. P. Willis, New York; Hon. N. P. Banks, Mass; Horace Greeley; Frank Leslie; Cyrus W. Field, New York; Wm. H. Cary, N. Y.; Paul Morphy, New Orleans; Norman Ward, Wis; Dr. J. Marion Sims; Prof. Bartlett, West Pt; Lieut. T. A. Wise, U. S. N.; Col. W. J. Hardee, U. S. A; W. I. Prime, D.D., Wat'r Pitt; Wilson G. Hunt, N. Y; Gen. G. P. Morris, N. York; Peter Cooper, N. York.

CAUTION.—As our Watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no watch is of our production which is unaccompanied by a certificate of genuineness, bearing the number of the watch, and signed by our Treasurer, R. M. Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

As these watches are for sale by jewelers generally throughout the Union, the American Watch Company do not solicit orders for single watches.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Wholesale Agents, No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
nov8-'60d&wlm-eod&wlm-ewlcw

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D.,
NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature

TO MARRIED LADIES,

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that when the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices $1. Sent by Mail on enclosing $1 to DR. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, Box 4631, Post Office, New York City.

Sold by one Druggist in every town in the United States.

R. B. HUTCHINS,
General Agent for the United States,
No. 14 Broadway, New York,

To whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

☞ Sold in Milwaukee by Green & Button, and H. Bosworth & Son. mar13'60dawsow

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Asthma Remedy,

BESIDES BEING A TRUSTWORTHY and innocuous specific for all diseases of an asthmatic type, is producing the most surprising results in the worst cases of whooping cough. Although free from laudanum, it invariably quiets the irritation of the lungs, and brings about a rapid consalescence.

Price 50c. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. oct19d1m

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for Children Teething.—This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in thousands of cases.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and vigor to the whole system.

It will almost instantly relieve griping in the bowels, and every form of convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

Look well for the genuine article, with fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, on the outside wrapper, without which none is genuine.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. ja18-lly&dawly

THE JAPANESE,
THE GREAT MAGICIAN.
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
DE JOINVILLE,

May come and go and be

FORGOTTEN,

But the lustre, the ebony blackness, the rich brown the natural appearance, the sensation of pride and pleasure, produced by the application of that harmless preparation

CHRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE.

Will unquestionably be gratefully

REMEMBERED

By all who use it, inasmuch as

"A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER."

Prepared No. 5 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers. nov8-'60d&wlm

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

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MY LAST STAKE.

It is a cold, stormy, chilly evening in Sacramento, and the northeastern winds that come from the snowy tops of the Sierra Navada bring with them a wintry feeling of discomfort to the denizens of the plains, disagreeable in proportion to their rarity.—The heavy curtains of the parlor in my snug little cottage are closely drawn, and the bright, flashing, snapping wood fire in the grate gives a cheerful light and heat to the happy home I have found, after years of toil and vicissitudes. The calm content that now blesses me is a fitting conclusion to the stormy days that have passed. Sitting in my cozy arm chair, gazing at the genial and changing flames, a host of unbidden memories come to me from the past, like dreams more than like the bitter realities they were; for we scarcely can realize, in looking back to early life in California, the indifference and coolness with which we met danger, and even death, when all was a state of delirious excitement, a feverish mania for gold seeking actuating all, and proving a worse curse than even at present.

While indulging in these thoughts and the luxury of comparing past sufferings and sorrows with present happiness and joys, a soft little hand had crept into my hand, a soft cheek rested against my face, and the inquiring eyes of my darling little girl, Kitty, met mine; yet another hand clasped my left, and another head was resting against my heart, whence loving looks sought mine from the liquid depths of my wife's bright eyes. Gazing within them, I could read the unchanging love that made my constant happiness; for what more inestimable boon can fortune bestow upon a man than the love of a true woman? * * *

Said a voice in my ear, "Father, you promised me a story to night—a real, true story; tell me one about yourself—when you first came here, and about gold digging and killing, and all those strange things the newspapers tell about sometimes, I know you can; and perhaps you was most killed in those horrid times yourself—were you ever, papa?"

The child's eager curiosity brought to my remembrance one of those dark episodes in my life that came and passed so quickly that it is with difficulty that I can always realise I was an actor in it, although at the time I viewed the incidents as not so very remarkable. The child nestled closer to me, and, as the thoughts she had suggested arose, they came from my lips in words, rather as if I were thinking aloud than relating a story for her amusement.

Yes, those were dark times for me in the latter part of the year 1852. Recovering from a severe and nearly fatal illness, I was totally without means, or any steady employment. Educated as a gentleman, and having passed the greater part of my life among books, as a scholar, I had no friends among those who might have assisted me in obtaining work and bread. Many more there were, doubtless, who, like myself, preferred the keen, biting pangs of hunger to making a confession of poverty, or asking aid from the mock lips of charity.

It is true many will consider it a very reprehensible degree of pride, but I felt that I would rather die than beg a favor from my fellow man, and very near I came to it that winter of '52. How many in like circumstances may have passed away in death, throughout the length and breadth of California, and whose sad story and fate unknown shall never be told! In a dismal garret, open to the winds of heaven, unprotected from the cold, assailed by the torturing pangs of hunger, I can never forget those long, long, weary nights. A dull, hopeless despair seized upon me, and life and death were alike indifferent. In the daytime it was better; some little employment could sometimes be had to keep away the wolf—hunger—that was gnawing at my vitals. Yet during all this period, like the Spartan boy, I concealed my sufferings in my bosom, and none that met me in my daily walks of life ever knew of my destitute condition.

I had obtained work for a few days, and by this means put a few dollars in my pocket, but still it was only a temporary relief; and, after the small sum was eked out to its utmost capacity for bread, then, as had happened many times before, another period of suffering was to come. All this had, combined with past misfortunes, nearly broken my spirit, and hope was even departing from the horizon of my future.

I was weary of disappointment, almost weary of life. In this unfortunate state of mind, reckless and indifferent, I was one evening walking along —— street, San Francisco, which led by a long walk to the water's edge. I had a half-formed idea in my mind that, on reaching its termination, I should have before me at least the means by which I could terminate all present sufferings. As I recollect my feelings at that time, I do not imagine that, for a moment, I seriously contemplated suicide, but rather that there was a certain fascination and pleasure in seeing the way by which mortal troubles could be left behind. At that time, gambling in all its varieties was the great feature of life in California, and its hells were to be seen on on every hand all over the city; but, from some innate feeling of disgust more than reasoning, I had never gambled; for it always seemed to me that a dollar obtained by intelligence of mind and honest labor was worth far more than many dollars gained by chance. I had too much confidence in my abilities and manhood to stoop to the trickery of cards or dice for money. I ought to have the power to gain by more intelligent means.

Before reaching the end of the wharf, I was aroused from my reverie by the confused din of many voices and sounds of music, among which, above all others, rose the shrill screams of that ill-played clarionet. Turning round, I found I was in front of one of the vilest and most notorious hells in the lower part of the city, where rumor said many crimes were committed with impunity—for justice existed but in name in those days, and rogues did exactly what seemed good to their own eyes. As I gazed within the large, crowded room, I remembered that an acquaintance was employed as a musician in the orchestra on one side of the room, and governed by the impulse of the moment, I pushed my way through the mass of persons around the table to speak to him. After a few moments' conversation with the musician, he turned to me and said in a quiet tone of voice:

"Whenever you come in here, never be tempted to risk a dollar on any game played, for not a square game is played here; and more than that, the worst thing a man can do is to win money here."

Saying this he resumed his occupation. Not caring much for the information, I gazed about me at the scene, with still greater reckless depression of spirits. Vice and virtue seemed to me mere words without meaning; and, actuated by weak and foolish thoughts, the question arose in my heart—Is everything in life mere chance, like the turning of dice or cards? Is there any God who directs, who protects down-trodden virtue, or punishes successful vice?

There lay in piles before me gold in coin and dust; a very small portion of one of them would make me happy, and enable me to relieve from suffering another afar off, who was dearer than life to me, for I came in search of gold for a holy purpose. It was changing hands constantly; passing into the possession of the lowest in the great scale of humanity, who used it only for the vilest debauchery—s. Where was any kind providence in this? I walked carelessly up to a roulette table, and from the feeling of the moment—alike indifferent to the frowns or smiles of fortune—I threw down as stakes the three dollars in loose silver I had in my pockets. It was quickly won by the gambler; and indeed I afterwards met the very mechanic who made the table, and who explained to me how other fools like myself were robbed.

Passing along with the crowd, I found myself at the centre of excitement and attraction—a faro table, around which were some newly arrived and very successful miners, judging from the many thousand dollars they had on the table. Under the influence of the whiskey, and the vicissitudes of the game, they were apparently as reckless as myself to consequences. Taking from my vest pocket a ten dollar gold piece, which was all I had in the world, I threw it on a card at random—one on which the others were not betting—as my last stake. It doubled and doubled, again and again, many times, till at length even the half drunken miners, who were playing for such heavy stakes, took an interest in my strange luck; and the marble-faced dealer, whose attention hitherto had been entirely devoted to them, turned his eyes with a sinister look upon me. When my card won for the ninth time, I took up from the table in coin and dust $5,120, with a stolid coolness I have since many times wondered at, and putting it in a couple of bags given me by one of the miners, I thrust them into my pockets. As I stepped aside to leave the table, the dealer, turning around to some one in the crowd, and giving him a peculiar look of intelligence, said, with a laugh:

"*That's a heavy pile to carry!*"

I soon found out the truth of his remark. Not wishing to elbow my way through the crowd directly to the door, I passed round behind the tables in the back part of the house. Leading from the room were a number of badly lighted passages—one or two were quite dark. As I went by one of the latter, before I had turned round toward the street door, a man standing in the obscure light, nearly concealed behind the door-post, beckoned me toward him with a mysterious gesture. Without thinking, I stepped through the door a few feet to learn what he wished, and, when within a few yards of him, as I took another step, quicker than I can tell it, the floor passed from under my feet, and I was sinking rapidly under the waters of the bay. With the instinct of self-preservation, I struggled for the life I had held so cheap. At length, after what seemed a long time to me, almost suffocated and weighed down by the *fatal gold*, I rose to the surface. A light from a dark-lantern flashed down from the mouth of what appeared to be a square well, built on the water of the bay, and constructed of smooth panel boards. In these few moments of time, by that ghastly light, 'mid all the despair and horrors of that scene, a whole life of thoughts and memories was before me. Notwithstanding all my past misery, I could not, without a struggle, die a dog's death. I could see above me, in that interval of time, the pale-looking faces of the two ruffians gazing down. One grasped in his hand a long pole, armed with a sharp point; and directly opposite me, in the wall, within a few feet of my face, was a bloated, livid face of a swilleon corpse, that had, unknown to me, served to obstruct my rising to the surface. In the flickering light and disturbed waters, it appeared to mock and jeer, moving nearer and nearer. Just then, one of the men said to the other:

"Split his head and job him under, or he will sing out."

And down came the sharp spear, touching my arm, slightly injuring me. He then drew it up to throw it again with more deadly purpose. The despair of death was upon me, and from my lips the name of her far away arose in a choking cry of anguish.

At that instant of time, the report of pistols, shrieks of pain, mingled with the varied sounds of deadly conflict, came to my ear; the desperado above me in haste cast the spear, and then, with his companion, rushed to the scene of other murders, doubtless feeling secure of the victim left in the well. The lantern hung on a nail about six feet above me, and a piece of rope had been carelessly dropped from what appeared to be a vertical trap, opening outward on the tide waters.

Bodies were found in the bay so frequently in those days that they excited little curiosity or comment. As a glance I could see all I have described, and, although wounded in my left arm by the spear, still, with the desperate energy of despair, I pushed the swollen body under my foot, and sprang to grasp the rope. Twice I failed, and big drops of perspiration fell from my forehead, as I thought the murderers would return instantly. The third attempt was more successful, for I seized the rope—which, luckily, had a knot at its end—with a degree of strength I could not have used under any other circumstances, and raised myself toward the floor above, where I found, on one side of the well, there was a space between the boards and floor of about eight inches high, perhaps twenty wide. How I forced myself through this narrow space, encumbered as I was, I do not know, for all the events I have described passed in a few moments, although it seemed an age to me.

I dropped myself down on the outside into the rippling waters, and passing quickly as possible from pile to pile, under the street and many houses, I scarcely stopped to breathe until I found myself far from the top. Once I thought I heard smothered voices and the sound of muffled oars, but if so, they could not find me, and I made my way cautiously to land, a long distance off, for I well knew they would use every means to stop a victim who had discovered their crimes. Exhausted and very weak from loss of blood from my wounded arm, I crept to my garret. Late the next morning, when I awoke, I could not believe the above events, except as a troubled dream, until, reaching out my hand, I felt the weight of the money in the pockets of my wet coat.

My narrative was here interrupted by a hesitating voice from the little head that nestled so closely to my bosom. Looking down in the child's face, two big tears were lingering on her eyelids, for she had listened to the long story with the childish wonder she might have listened to a story from the Arabian Nights.

"But, father, what became of the wicked men, and what did you do with all that money?"

"I will tell you, dear," I replied. "After binding up my wounded arm as well as possible, I went out and took the first good meal I had taken for many weeks. I then purchased a suit of clothes, and, going to a barber, materially changed my personal appearance, and, in company with an honest policeman—not common in those days—I visited the scene of my night's adventure. As we carelessly sauntered through the room, not a single face met mine that I could in the least degree recognize. They had evidently—those implicated as actors in the crime—fled away until possible investigation should cease. The very dark passage from the back part of the house which I had such fearful reason to remember was so cunningly built up and altered that it was difficult to suppose that any such place ever existed.

"In the afternoon of the same day, I unexpectedly met an old acquaintance from the States, who persuaded me to go with him to the mines, and it was some time of time before I returned. As for the money, it was mostly invested in a large building on Jackson street, which was afterward burnt up; but, nevertheless, from that time fortune dealt more kindly with me, as some atonement for her past frowns."

Once again the same inquisitive voice from the little lips interrupted me to ask:

"You are rich now, father, aint you?"

As I looked at her, and then at the other dear one, whose head rested upon my shoulder, I could only think and reply, "I am indeed rich in what gold can never purchase."

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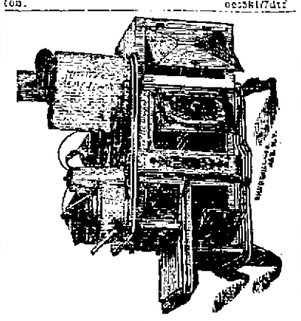
WE KEEP HERE EVERY VARIETY SCALES manufactured by us, and sell them at the same prices that we do in New York and Boston. oct3k16d1y



AMONG THE GREAT DISCOVERIES of the past few years, there have been none of greater importance to the world than the NORTON RADIATING SIDE FLUE and CONDENSING COIL PRINCIPLE as applied to the

Battle Ground Cooking Stove.

Any persons wishing to satisfy themselves of the superiority of this Stove over all others, have only to call and see the list of names of those who are using it. I have for sale every variety of Parlor, Office, Store and Shop Stoves. And am, also, Agents for the sale of the

Steward Cooking Stove.

L. BONNELL,
69 & 91 East Water Street.

"Fairbanks' Scale Warehouse,"

91 EAST WATER ST.,
Milwaukee. We keep here every variety of scales manufactured by us, and sell them at the same price that we do in New York and Boston. We have done this for the better accommodation of our Western patrons.
FAIRBANK & CO.
☞ Address all communications to LANSING BONNELL, Ag't.
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JOHN NAZRO & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails,
ROPE & TIN PLATE,
Nazro's Building, 121, 123 & 125 E. Water St.,
Milwaukee, Wis.

TERMS CASH.

WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND well selected stock of Goods and shall be receiving during the season, additions to the same. Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, we shall sell all Goods, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at the very lowest prices we can afford.

Fine Polished Steel Fire Irons.

WE HAVE ON HAND A GOOD ASsortment of the above goods at prices from $1,50 to $3,50 per set. JOHN NAZRO & CO.

Coal Hods, Fire Fenders, Coal Shovels,

ASH SHIFTERS, FIRE CARRIERS, & Shovels and Tongs, Pokers, Fire Iron Stands, Shovel Stands and many other household goods of which we have a large variety, and our prices are always low. JOHN NAZRO & CO.

Table and Dessert Cutlery.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF IVORY Handled Cutlery, Common and Plated Blades, Plated Spoons and Forks of Rogers Bros Manufg Co. Stamp, Bread and Butcher Knives, Carvers and Steels, Saw Knives, a very fine assortment.
JOHN NAZRO & CO.

Soap Stone Griddles.

JUST RECEIVED; ALSO, CAKE TURners, Egg Beaters, Waffle Irons, Cake Pans, Corn Dodgers, Nutmeg

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

The Disunion Movement.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Nov. 12.

The Military State Convention met to-day. The attendance was large, and resolutions were passed favoring secession.

Gov. Brown made a strong resistance speech, declaring the right of secession, and the duty of other States to sustain their rights.

He declared if the Federal troops attempted coercion, for every Georgian who fell in the conflict, the heads of two Federal soldiers should atone for the outrage on State sovereignty.

There is nothing interesting from the Legislature.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 12.

The Senate bill to suspend the penalties of suspension of specie payments by Banks, passed on the second reading in the House.

The convention bill was read the third time and passed unanimously. Its title was changed to an Act, and sent to the Senate to be ratified to-morrow morning.

Mr. Trenholmes' resolutions that the joint committee on military of both houses, during the recess prepare a plan for arming the State, that the joint committee on Finance prepare a scheme to raise the necessary supplies, were adopted.

Mr. Cerlin proposed that the President of the Bank of the State be authorized to advertise till the 3d of December, for sealed proposals for a loan of $400,000. He was authorized by a friend to say that he would take $10,000 at 5 per cent premium. Not considered.

The bill to arm the State was reconsidered.

A resolution was passed to give notice of the election.

The resolution for the committee on Military to enquire into the propriety of fortifying various exposed towns on the sea coast was lost.

The House met this evening and read the Bank Bill the third time. Its title was changed to an Act, and it was sent to the Senate for ratification.

The Legislature adjourns to-morrow noon.

The Bank of Charleston has agreed to take $100,000, and the balance of the $400,000 will be taken by other city Banks.

Hill, member of the House from Georgia, has taken a decided stand for secession.

Lieut. Gov. Hammond has resigned.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The Times correspondent says: Several leading Virginians are here, and represent it to be the purpose of their State to become the moderator between the sections, when South Carolina shall have accomplished secession.

The basis will require that no one be elected President unless he receives a majority of both sections of the Union, and that no law be passed except by a majority of the members representing both sections, thus securing a majority of the whole people in each case.

Hearing of Gov. Wise's movements in organizing Minute Men, Gov. Letcher, it is said, addressed him a note, hinting that he (Wise) was no longer Governor of Virginia but that another had succeeded him, who would take care of the public interests of the State.

WORLD'S CORRESPONDENCE.—Several Virginia Congressmen are here. They represent the sentiment of the State as in favor of submitting to the election of Lincoln.

Rumors gain credit that Attorney General Black and Secretary Floyd have informed the President that they will resign if he upholds the Federal laws, in case of nullification by any State.

Inauguration of Mayor Brown of Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.

Wm George Brown, the Reform Mayor, was inaugurated to-day. He closed his inaugural address with a strong expression of Union sentiments. He expressed the unanimous consent of the people when he said that the true policy of Maryland was to adhere to the Union as long as she could do so with honor and safety. In conclusion, he said no cause had yet arisen sufficient to justify the overthrow of the noblest and most beneficent government ever established by human wisdom, and which is consecrated by and endeared to the hearts of all, not only by the abundant blessings of the present moment, but by the sacred memories of the past, and the great hopes of the future.

The expediency of calling a mass meeting of citizens to sustain the Union is much conversed by our business men.

A southern gentleman made his appearance on Baltimore street this morning with a blue cockade in his hat. He was regarded with much curiosity, but evidently with but little favor.

Trial of Rioters.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12—3 P. M.

At the trial of rioters to-day, it transpired that there was a concerted plan to destroy the Republican Wigwam by the Breckinridge Club, before the election of Lincoln. The police are seriously implicated in the outrage.

The *States* newspaper comes out as an independent journal, opposing disunion.

A company of New Orleans artillery left Fort Hamilton on Saturday for Fayetteville, N. C., to protect the United States arsenal at that place.

Result in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 13—3 P. M.

Result in Missouri very doubtful; cannot be known positively for several days. The *Republican* and *Democrat* figure Douglas slightly ahead, with about thirty counties to hear from. *Bulletin* figures Bell considerably ahead, with 38 counties to hear from. Vote for Breckinridge about 23,000; Lincoln 16,000; *fifty-four* counties official give Bell 34,894; Douglas 29,817.

Breckinridge in Virginia.

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 13—3 P. M.

Breckinridge's majority will probably not be far from 1,000. Enough counties have been heard from to show that he has carried the State.

Developments at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12—8 P. M.

We are privately informed that the Declaration of Independence of South Carolina was laid before the President. This, however requires confirmation.

Heavy Robbery.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13—3 P. M.

On Sunday night the Erie railroad safe was robbed at the Jersey City depot of $10,000 in bills and specie.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER CANADA.

HALIFAX, Nov. 13—9 P. M.

The steamship Canada, from Liverpool 3d, via Queenstown 4th, arrived this P. M.

The North Briton sustained no damage through getting ashore.

It is stated that the Ætna has been bought for Juman's New York Line.

Sir Wm. Denuison is gazetted Governor of Madras.

The *Daily News* publishes the text of the dispatch of Lord John Russell to the British Minister to Berlin, dated Oct. 27th. It says, the great question appeared to the British government to be at issue are these: Were the people of Italy justified in asking assistance of the King of Sardinia, to relieve them from a government with which they were discontented, or furnishing assistance to his army? Lord John Russell says the government does not feel justified in declaring that the people of Southern Italy have not good reasons for throwing off their allegiance, and cannot, therefore, blame the King of Sardinia. The dispatch closes as follows:

"Her Majesty's government will turn their eyes rather to the gratifying prospects of the people building up an edifice of their liabilities with the sympathies and wishes of Europe."

It is believed in Paris the object of France in preventing the blockade of Gaeta by sea, is merely to facilitate the escape of the King of Naples and prevent complications when re-captured. The French general offers no explanations.

The bourse was firm, 69f 85c.

ITALY.—According to Neapolitan accounts, Cialdine was beaten with great loss at the battle of Gallbaren. Some despatches place his loss as high as 2,000 killed and wounded, and five guns taken.

Official despatches from Turin say these assertions are completely false, the Sardinians not being defeated at all.

Capua was attacked on the first, and capitulated on the following day.

The troops leave with all the honors of war, who, laying down their arms, were to go to Naples on the 3rd.

Naples was illuminated, and there was great rejoicing.

An attack on Gaeta was shortly expected. It was denied via Turin that Admiral Persano had suspended firing on the royalists near Gaeta.

Garibaldi crossed the Garigliano.

TURKEY.—It was expected that the government was about to negotiate a loan of 1,800,000 dollars at Paris, at 53 1-5. A national forced loan was also spoken of.

Great financial fluctuations are occurring in Constantinople.

India and China mails are aboard the Canada.

The French version says: On the 21st the Allies, after a vehement resistance, carried, by assault, the most important of the Taku forts. Four hundred Allies were put hors du combat. One thousand Tartars were killed and found in the fort, among whom was the general-in-chief.

The other forts surrendered successively the same evening.

The capitulation gave the Allies the whole country as far as Tientsing, and six hundred brass guns of large calibre.

The ambassadors were at Tientsing, where the Chinese commissioners attended them to open negotiations.

It was reported that the ambassadors were soon to proceed to Pekin with a cavalry escort.

The China Tea market was dull.

The China news had no influence on consols. Money unchanged, but continual withdrawal of gold from the Bank led to expectation.

The Bank minimum was soon to be passed, possibly next week.

The Africa was at Queenstown on the P. M. of the 4th.

Captain McLane Killed by the Indians.

INDEPENDENCE, Nov. 13—9 P. M.

The New Mexican mail, in charge of conductor Tucker, with dates to the 28th, arrived to-day.

Capt. Geo. McLane, of the Mounted Rifles, was killed by Navajoe Indians on the 13th of October. He was out on a scout with his company, and when about 25 miles from Ft. Defiance, a party of Indians were overtaken and charge made upon them; Capt. McLane killed four Indians with his pistols. When the charge was made and the word to rally given, the Captain became separated from his men, and was seen to fall from his horse; his foot became entangled in his stirrup, and his horse being frightened, ran off, dragging him a considerable distance before stopping. When his men came up he was dead. He had three shots in him which must have produced instant death.

So perished one of our noblest officers by the hands of the red skins!

Capt. McLane is a son of Senator McLane of Delaware. He leaves a widow and three children who are at Albuquerque. The Indians, after the death of Capt. McLane made their escape.

Business in Santa Fe very dull. Considerable snow and cold weather beyond the crossing of the Arkansas, from thence it was pleasant weather.

No news from the plains of any interest.

The Burch Divorce Case

NAPIERVILLE, Ill., Nov. 13—9 P. M.

The parties in the Burch case are all here, and legal gentlemen to whom the case has been entrusted, have arrived. The Clerk's office already contains a mass of sealed depositions bearing upon the case, taken at St. Louis, Chicago, Albany, New York and Cincinnati, most of them at instance of Mrs. Burch, with the intention of showing cruelty practiced toward her by her husband.

The case reached this morning, when Mr. Miller, counsel for Burch, moved that depositions in case taken at St. Louis, be ruled out. These relate entirely to the character of Burch, and could likewise, the counsel alleged, be proved fabricated and false. After consultation, the counsel for defendant consented to motion, and it was so ordered. The case was then set for to-morrow morning.

It is thought two days will be required for empannelling a jury. Madame Romine, whose deposition has been taken in Cincinnati by the counsel for Mrs. Burch, was arrested in that city yesterday, for perjury.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13—9 P. M.

The *Constitution* publishes one of the forms of the *Declaration of Independence* to be submitted to the South Carolina convention. It embodies a portion of the American Declaration of Independence with the list of grievances altered to suit the present condition of affairs in that State. A copy of this, it is understood, was laid before the President yesterday.

As the stormy season in the mountains is near, and the P. O. Department having failed to order mail services between Julesburg and Placerville, from semi monthly to weekly trips, there is to be a new schedule of time for the Pony express to take effect on the 1st of Dec. viz: from St. Joseph to San Francisco, 15 days, and between Fort Kearney and the outter telegraph station in Utah for telegrams, 11 days.

Relief to Kansas.

ATCHISON, K. T., Nov. 13—9 P. M.

Four car loads of provisions arrived yesterday and the day before, for the relief of settlers in the Territory, making six within the past week, and each car load ranging from eight to ten tons.

Teams are here, waiting to be loaded, from Greenwood, Butler, Breckinridge and other counties.

Supplies are given to those only who have proper credentials from the neighborhood from whence they come, and are duly authorized by the relief committee.

The settlers in most portions of the Territory, will need help throughout the winter.

Accidentally Shot.

FORT KEARNEY, Nov. 13.

P. Strong, a clerk in the Commissary Department U. S. A. was shot and instantly killed at Kearney City, about two miles west of this place on Sunday evening of the 4th. From the testimony of some of the parties, who were present at the time of the occurrence, it appears to have been accidental. The shot was fired by a Mr. Mount, a discharged Sergeant of the U. S. A., who was on his way east from Camp Floyd, he was formerly from Texas.

Poney express leaving St. Joseph Wednesday morning passed here at 2 P. M. on Monday.

Mississippi Legislature to be Convened.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 13—9 P. M.

Gov. Peters has issued a proclamation convening the Legislature on the 26th inst., to consider the propriety and necessity of providing safer and better safeguards for the lives, liberty, and property of Mississippians than the late election and past action of the Northern State governments promise.

Going to Washington.

ALBANY, Nov. 13—9 P. M.

The Albany Burgesses Corps have resolved to go to Washington at the inauguration. They will turn out 100 muskets.

BOSTON, Nov. 13—9 P. M.

The Museum of Comparative Zoology, at Cambridge, was dedicated to-day. The exercises consisted of addresses by Gov. Banks, Prest. Felton, Prof. Agassiz and Dr. Jacob Bigelow. A large and interested audience was present.

Watches and Jewelry.

Twenty Dollars a Day!!

IS CONFIDENTLY EXPECTED TO BE realized by persons going to Pike's Peak; but please remember, that we are the only parties in the State who keep the *True Time by Transit Observation*. We are selling the *Finest Watches* in the World; that don't vary *thirty seconds a month*; *Beautiful Jewelry*; *Fine Solid Silver and Silver Plated* Table Ware, received every week. Also a splendid assortment of Pistols, which we are selling at *low figures*. Particular attention paid to *Watch and Jewelry Repairing*; and *Engraving by the best workmen*.

MATSON & LOOMIS.

jel2

A. B. VAN COTT.

BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS

OF THIS BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases. Greatest variety of full finish of Silver and Plated Ware and Jewelry of every style and description.

Watch Materials, &c.

Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. 1y29.

CITY LAND OFFICE.

LOOK AHEAD. BE PREPARED FOR the flood of emigration which will pour in upon us. Look at the map. Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, will leave and go where they can have free air and free speech, and lands which they can call their own. Now is the time to invest your surplus money in farming lands. Thousands upon thousands of farmers, and others, who have been ruined by the war, have no money, are now both to invest. The abundant crops have done a wonderful work, and Providence is smiling upon this great Northwest. Our growth and development, our wealth and property will be great beyond precedent. What is to be done with all the money, with the enormous capital that is flowing into the pockets of the people? Invest your money in good farming land; nothing is more safe; the land in Wisconsin will be wanted. The forest and the South will cause thousands of thousands to come and purchase our lands. Wisconsin is the great western belt of fertility, and thousands are looking toward us. Invest your money in lands that can be purchased at low prices.

I have several thousand five hundred acres of farming lands in the Northern and Western parts of our State, which I am instructed to sell at reduced prices. Those wishing to locate in the flowing lands, woods, and within short distance of railroads, I have also improved farms to sell, and also an extensive list of wild lands. Persons having lands and farms for sale; send in your list, with a full description of your property, improvements, price, terms, &c., and I will pay the strictest attention to it.

CALEB WALL,
General Land Agent of Milwaukee,
Young's Block, corner Main and Wisconsin St.

OYSTERS!!

C. S. MALTBY'S

JUSTLY CELEBRATED OYSTERS, IN CAN, KEG AND SHELL,

So long and favorably known in the western markets, are now being received daily at

No. 5 Rees' Block, West Water St.,

And are offered at wholesale upon the most favorable terms, and prices low enough to suit the times.

☞ All our Oysters ARE WARRANTED FRESH and fine, and THE BEST the world affords.

Having removed from our old store, No. 101 East Water St., to our present location, with increased facilities, we will offer inducements not elsewhere to be found. ☞ Orders from city and country solicited and promptly filled, by young express, or as may be directed.

M. COOKE, Agent.

sep24s2d3m

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

TUESDAY P. M., Nov. 13, 1860.

Eastern Exchange was so scarce to-day that the banks had some trouble in supplying the demand. There was no change in the rates, the banks selling at 1¾ ₱ cent premium, and paying 1 ₱ cent, if not more, for all they could get. Currency continues in good supply, with a fair demand. At Chicago to-day, we learn by a private despatch, Exchange went up to 2 ₱ cent. The *Tribune* of this morning in referring to yesterday's market, says:

Exchange is steady at 1¾, with no active demand. Buying rates 1⅛@1¼. The supply is ample at present, and though shipments of cereals, flour, &c., must soon stop, beef and pork will soon come in to make up any deficiency. A decline for any considerable time, however, cannot be expected till the spring business commences. The natural course of events, under the large additions which have been made to our currency by the twenty-five new banks established within the last few months, would be to increase the rates of Exchange to "fancy" figures. Under such circumstances it is fortunate the Legislature is to meet, for an effectual remedy will doubtless be provided against the frequent and periodical return of enormous rates for the benefit of the currency mongers. Of course currency is at a premium.

Gold 1¼@1⅜ buying, selling 1¾@2 ₱ cent premium.

NEW YORK MONEY MATTERS.

We have the following money and stock report by telegraph from New York to-day:

Money firmer and in demand at 7@8 ₱ cent on call. Moderate business in Exchange. Stocks 2@3c lower, and closed heavy at the reduction. C & R I 51½; I C scrip 55; C & C 59; C B & Q 13½; M & M 16; C & T 27; M C 49. Second board—Stocks decidedly better this P. M., and close firm at the improvement. C & R I 53½; C B & Q 73; Harl 18½; do pf'd 32; Panama 1,14½; M S 14½; do g'd 31½; M C 50½; Reading 73; Huds 45½; I C scrip 60; Erie 27; N Y C 79½; C & T 25; Va 6's 85; Mo 6's 75½; Tenn 6's 83½; I C S 5's of '74 100; N C 6's 90; Cal 7's 90; L & C Grants 19."

CANAL TOLLS.

The following statement shows the amount of tolls received on all the canals of New York for the fourth week in October, since the opening of navigation to same date, and estimated toll of 1860:

Tolls received 4th week in Oct., 1860...	$ 162,161 00
Do in 1859	98,057 00
Increase in 1860	$ 66,104 00
About 60 ₱ cent!	
Total tolls received from the opening of navigation in April to the end of the 4th week in October, 1860	2,668,208 00
Do in 1859	1,447,823 00
Increase thus far during season	$2,220,208 00
Tolls in 1860 to November 1st.	$3,146,875 00
Tolls received in 1859 from Nov. 1 to close of navig'n.. $276,617 00	
Add 60 ₱ cent 165,970 00	
	442,587 00
Estimated toll for 1860	$3,635,800 00

ACTION OF THE DETROIT BANKS WITH REFERENCE TO WESTERN CURRENCY.

The following we clip from a Detroit paper of Monday:

The paper of the Illinois and Wisconsin banks has once more been the means of disturbing the equilibrium of the financial world. Owing to a steady advance in the rate of exchange at Chicago, a large amount of western paper has been pushed in upon us, and on Friday, our banks, which have for several months received it at par, were compelled to self defence to unite in receiving it at a discount of 1 ₱ cent. Our railroads now refuse it, but for ordinary business purposes it will continue to be received as usual. The present rate of exchange is 1¼ ₱ cent, but it is predicted in some circles that before next spring it will touch a higher figure than ever before known for at least some years past. The belief is predicated upon the large volume of paper emitted by the western banks to move the grain crops.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY P. M., Nov. 13, 1860.

RECEIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FOR 24 HOURS.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Corn, bus.	Oats, bus.	Barly, bus.	Rye, bus.
Mil. & Miss. R.R.	670	28,534	125	898	....	41
L.C. & M. R. R.	1,055	10,000	....	9	205	24
M. & P. du C. R. R.	441	12,435	....	358	....	....
By M. & C. R. R.	....	6,186	....	....	....	....
By Lake.....	....	937	....	....	....	....
Total.....	2,375	68,780	125	993	205	65
Do.	24700	....	....	....	....	32000

The aggregate of the receipts of the above articles so far for the years 1859 and '60, have been:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1860.....	997700	14226303	13307100	2140100
1859.....	658200	8048200	24705000	1539500
Inc.....	341500	11181700	10593000	550300

Reducing the wheat to flour, the increase in the receipts in 1860 is equal to 2,547,540 bbls flour.

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR, WHEAT & PROVISIONS FOR 24 HOURS.

	Wheat.	Flour.	Beef.	Pork.
To Buffalo.....	64,500	....	....	....
To Oswego.....	40,000	....	....	....
To Ogdensburgh.....	....	347	316	....
By D. & M. Railway, ...	1,115	2,075	156	....
Total.....	105,615	2,722	472	....

TOTAL RECEIPTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

Mdse, pkgs.....	8,295	Lumber, ft.....	175,000
do tons.....	24	Shingles, No....	402,000
Sugar, hhds.....	317	Iron, bars & bills.	568
Coffee, sks.....	142	Castings No.....	140
Tea, chests.....	40	Nails, kegs.....	100
Molasses, hhds.....	184	Wagon boxes.....	500
Apples, bbls	2,463	Fish, bbls	80
Oil, bbls	30	Spelter, pkgs	20
Tobacco, hhds.....	150	Leather, rolls	5
Cider, bbls	9	Wood, cds.....	20
Water, bbls.....	1,115	Rags, tons.....	1

TOTAL SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

Flour, bbls.....	2,722	Wheat, bus.....	65,780
Beef, bbls.....	472	Corn, bus.....	1,000
Butter, lbs.....	26	Eggs, bbls	3
Ashes, cwts	3	Cheese, lbs.....	5
Milk, cans.....	5	Hogs, bales	21

The receipts of wheat to-day were 68,780 bus; shipments 105,615 bus. Sales liberal, amounting to upwards of 75,000 bus, at 84@85c for No. 1 spring in store, 86c delivered; 87@88c for No. 2 in store; and 87@88c for Extra and Extra Club delivered in bags. At the opening holders sold reluctantly at a decline of half a cent, but previous to the meeting on 'Change the market recovered, temporarily, 50,000 bus selling at yesterday's prices. Subsequently, however, there was a decline of 1c, and large sales were made on 'Change at 84c for No. 1 spring in store, and 83c for No. 2.—Freights were unchanged; rates nominally 10@11c to Buffalo, and 15@15½c to Oswego. Several vessels loading here are buying their own cargoes, rather than load at the going rates. Flour continues dull and depressed. There were sales of about 700 bbls on 'Change at $4,20@4,30 for fair to choice country Extra. Rates of transportation remain unchanged. The receipts of hogs are increasing, and there is a good demand for all offering at $6@6,30 for dressed, and $5,25@5,50 for live.

MIDWATER RECEIPTS.

The receipts at tidewater on the Hudson, of flour, wheat, corn, and barley, for the last week of November, 1860 and 1859, have been as follows:

Year.	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1860.....	54100	1697000	285100	307100
1859.....	70100	805200	28700	889100
Inc.....		892000	256400	
Dec.....	24700	....	....	82000

The aggregate of the receipts of the above articles so far for the years 1859 and '60, have been:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1860.....	997700	14226303	13307100	2140100
1859.....	658200	8048200	24705000	1539500
Inc.....	341500	11181700	10593000	550300

Reducing the wheat to flour, the increase in the receipts in 1860 is equal to 2,547,540 bbls flour.

CHICAGO MARKET, NOVEMBER 12.

Receipts at Chicago yesterday included 4,954 bbls flour, 44,855 bus wheat, 31,726 bus corn, 6,450 bus oats, 1,337 bus rye, 2,508 bus barley. In reference to the market the *Tribune* says:

The *North American*, with Liverpool dates to the 1st inst., was telegraphed this morning, reporting breadstuffs of all kinds firm at the close. Provisions steady.

Under the influence of this news, the wheat market to-day opened very firm, with an upward tendency, and sales of No. 2 spring at 89c in store; but as soon as the New York dispatches were received, it became flat and heavy, and sales at the close were made as low as 79@79½c. About 60,000 bus were sold, at 84c for Northwestern Club; 81¾@82c for No. 1 Spring; and 79@80c for No. 2 do. The Flour market was very dull, and although sales do not show any positive decline, still the tendency was downward. About 550 bbls were sold at $4,25@4,85 for medium to good Spring extras; and $5@5,05 for Spring Superfine.—Corn was heavy and 1@2c lower, and at 36c for No. 1; 35c for No. 2; and 34¾@35c for new corn. Quiet at 17c in store. Rye and Barley neglected.—Timothy Seed was firm, with sales at $2,20@2,30. Clover Seed is scarce, and buyers are offering $4,30@5. Mr. Holmes were very dull and heavy—the sales being limited to small lots of city at 17c.

Live Hogs—5,25@5,50 for medium to extra heavy. Receipts to-day 102 head.

Eggs—Scarce and bringing 14@15c in bbl.

Butter—Firkin in good request at 10@12c; fresh 12@15c.

Spirits—Highwines 15@15¾c; whiskey 16c; alcohol 40c.

RAILROAD RECEIPTS—Nov. 13.

BY MIL. & MISS. R. R.—639 bbls flour, 28,534 bus wheat, 125 do oats, 898 do corn, 41 do rye, 141 hides, 2,000 lbs butter, 2 head cattle, 102 live hogs, 29 dressed hogs, 4½ tons stone, 4 bbls beef, 7,005 lbs sundries.

BY L. C. & MIL. R. R.—1,055 bbls flour, 10,000 bus wheat, 9 do corn, 24 bus rye, 205 bus barley, 294 do seeds, 367 hides, 51 bus cranberries, 28,918 lbs sundries.

BY MIL. WAT. & G. V. R. R.—471 bbls flour, 12,435 bus wheat, 22 hides, 970 lbs butter, 5 bbls eggs, 3 dressed hogs, 500 lbs sundries.

BY MIL. & CHICAGO R. R.—8,186 bus wheat, 358 bus corn, 69 bbls sugar, 5 do eggs, 40 do highwines, 1 car stone, 2 separators, 21 bbls, 7 bales pelts.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[*By Telegraph.*]

NEW YORK, Nov. 13—7 P. M.

FLOUR—Less active; prices have again receded 5@10c per bbl, notwithstanding a further decline in freights; the extreme difficulty in selling exchange materially checks the export demand; sales 10,000 bbls at 5,20@5,35 for superfine state; 5,40@5,45 for extra state; 5,20@5,25 for superfine western; 5,40@5,70 for common to medium extra western, 5,65@5,75 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; market closing heavy and unsettled. Canadian flour is in limited request at rather easier prices; sales 3,200 5,55@7,50 for common to extra. Corn meal dull and nominally unchanged.

WHEAT—Heavy, and 1@2c lower, notwithstanding that freights have again declined; the extreme difficulty in selling exchange operates as a serious check on the export demand; sales 9,000 bus Chicago spring at 1,16@1,17; 10,000 bus Milwaukee club at 1,17@1,18; 17,000 bus amber Wis at 1,20@1,26; western red 1,32@1,34 afloat; 15,000 bus do in store at 1,35@1,36; 6,000 bus white southern at 1,60; 1,000 bus amber Western at 1,81, and 500 bus white Chicago at 1,70.

RYE—Dull and unchanged; sales 500 bushels in lots at 72@73.

BARLEY—Continues heavy and common grades are lower.

CORN—Heavy and lower for lots in store; sales 30,000 bus at 55@59 for western mixed afloat; 69¾ for western yellow; 60 for mixed western in store.

OATS—Dull, and a moderate business doing at 37@38 for Western, Canadian and State.

PORK—Market quiet, heavy and declining; sales 475 bbls at 15,75@19,12 for mess; new is selling in small lots at 15,75; 13,12@18,50 for prime.

BEEF—Market quiet and unchanged; sales 350 bbls at 8,75@4,00 for c prime; 5@5,50 for c mess; 8,50@6,50 for re-packed mess; 11@11,50 for mess. Prime mess beef nominal at 12@11. Beef hams are very quiet; sales 165 bbls western at 14,75.

CUT MEATS—Steady for pickled hams; sales 100 pkgs at 10¾@11½; dry salted and pickled shoulders nominal at 5¾@5¾c; and sides at 10c.

BACON—Firm, but without quotable change; the nominal quotations are as follows: short clear middles 10¾; long do 10¾@10¾; short ribbed middles 10¾.

LARD—Daily sales 200 bbls at 12@12¾ for new.

BUTTER—Selling at 10@14 for Ohio, and 15@21 for State.

CHEESE—Steady; 9@11 for inferior to prime.

BUFFALO MARKET.

[*By Telegraph.*]

BUFFALO, Nov. 13—8 P. M.

FLOUR—Steady.

WHEAT—In moderate demand and market lower; sales 20,000 No 1 Milwaukee club at $1,01; 15,000 bus No. 1 Chicago spring at 97; 6,000 bus red at 1,10.

CORN—Dull and lower; sales 18,000 bus on private terms.

No sales in other grains.

WHISKEY—Nominal at 20c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Steady; 25c on wheat, and 22c on corn to New York.

LAKE FREIGHTS—20,000 bbls flour, 107,000 bus wheat, 15,000 bus corn.

CANAL EXPORTS—25,300 bus corn; 115,000 bus oats, 65,000 bus barley.

OSWEGO MARKET.

[*By Telegraph.*]

OSWEGO, November 13—7 P. M.

FLOUR—Dull.

WHEAT—Opened a shade easier for common grades, with only small business doing; sales 9,000 bus Mil club (not strictly prime) at 1,08; 3,000 bus Canada club at 1,08; 6,000 bus white Canadian at 1,30; market closing quiet and nominally lower.

CORN—Lower; sales 12,000 bus Indiana at 84c; 1,000 bus do, to complete boat loads, 57c.

BARLEY—Quiet.

RYE—Dull and lower; sales 5,000 bus at 55c.

OATS—Quiet.

PEAS—Quiet.

CANAL FREIGHTS— Unchanged; flour 42@50; wheat 18; corn 17 to N. Y.

LAKE EXPORTS—370 bbls flour; 153,000 bus wheat; 70,350 bus corn; 12,000 bus barley; 4,100 bus rye; 9,000 bus peas.

CANAL EXPORTS—8,752 bbls flour; 15,200 bus wheat; 8,500 bus corn, 6,500 bus barley.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

[*Per Canada.*]

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—Breadstuffs—Market active, Rich, Spence & Co., and others report flour quiet at a partial decline of 6d; quoted at 25@32s6d. Wheat quiet, but firm; red western 10s6d@11s; white 12s2d@14s. Corn had upward tendency, with a slight advance on all qualities.

Provisions—Generally quiet; B, A & Co. and others report beef dull, pork quiet and firm, bacon quiet; lard quiet, at 62s6d@63s. Cheese 67s6d@68s.

Produce—Brokers' circulars report ashes steady, pots 28s9d@29s; pearls 29s6d@29s; and sugar buoyant at an advance of 6d.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Consols 92½@93 for money and account. The weekly returns of the Bank of England show a decrease in bullion of £3,077,000. Market generally unchanged in rates. American Stocks—Illinois Central 80@82; Erie 27; N Y C 79½; Reading 73; Ohio & Miss 25½; Penn 6's 83; Mo 6's 75½; Virginia 6's 83½; Tenn 6's 83½; Canton Co. 19½; Cumberland Coal 9½; Harlem 13; Hudson River 34½; Michigan Central 49½; Michigan Southern 25½; New York Central 79½; Pennsylvania Central 57½; Reading 73; Illinois Central Bonds 90@92; Galena 6's 1875 100; N C 6's 90; Cal 7's 90; L & C Grants 19."

CANAL TOLLS.

The following statement shows the amount of tolls received on all the canals of New York for the fourth week in October, since the opening of navigation to same date, and estimated toll of 1860:

Tolls received 4th week in Oct., 1860...	$ 162,161 00
Do in 1859	98,057 00
Increase in 1860	$ 66,104 00
About 60 ₱ cent!	
Total tolls received from the opening of navigation in April to the end of the 4th week in October, 1860	2,668,208 00
Do in 1859	1,447,823 00
Increase thus far during season	$2,220,208 00
Tolls in 1860 to November 1st.	$3,146,875 00
Tolls received in 1859 from Nov. 1 to close of navig'n.. $276,617 00	
Add 60 ₱ cent 165,970 00	
	442,587 00
Estimated toll for 1860	$3,635,800 00

ACTION OF THE DETROIT BANKS WITH REFERENCE TO WESTERN CURRENCY.

The following we clip from a Detroit paper of Monday:

The paper of the Illinois and Wisconsin banks has once more been the means of disturbing the equilibrium of the financial world. Owing to a steady advance in the rate of exchange at Chicago, a large amount of western paper has been pushed in upon us, and on Friday, our banks, which have for several months received it at par, were compelled to self defence to unite in receiving it at a discount of 1 ₱ cent. Our railroads now refuse it, but for ordinary business purposes it will continue to be received as usual. The present rate of exchange is 1¼ ₱ cent, but it is predicted in some circles that before next spring it will touch a higher figure than ever before known for at least some years past. The belief is predicated upon the large volume of paper emitted by the western banks to move the grain crops.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY P. M., Nov. 13, 1860.

RECEIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FOR 24 HOURS.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Corn, bus.	Oats, bus.	Barly, bus.	Rye, bus.
Mil. & Miss. R.R.	670	28,534	125	898	....	41
L.C. & M. R. R.	1,055	10,000	....	9	205	24
M. & P. du C. R. R.	441	12,435	....	358	....	....
By M. & C. R. R.	....	6,186	....	....	....	....
By Lake.....	....	937	....	....	....	....
Total.....	2,375	68,780	125	993	205	65
Do.	24700	....	....	....	....	32000

The aggregate of the receipts of the above articles so far for the years 1859 and '60, have been:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1860.....	997700	14226303	13307100	2140100
1859.....	658200	8048200	24705000	1539500
Inc.....	341500	11181700	10593000	550300

Reducing the wheat to flour, the increase in the receipts in 1860 is equal to 2,547,540 bbls flour.

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR, WHEAT & PROVISIONS FOR 24 HOURS.

	Wheat.	Flour.	Beef.	Pork.
To Buffalo.....	64,500	....	....	....
To Oswego.....	40,000	....	....	....
To Ogdensburgh.....	....	347	316	....
By D. & M. Railway, ...	1,115	2,075	156	....
Total.....	105,615	2,722	472	....

TOTAL RECEIPTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

Mdse, pkgs.....	8,295	Lumber, ft.....	175,000
do tons.....	24	Shingles, No....	402,000
Sugar, hhds.....	317	Iron, bars & bills.	568
Coffee, sks.....	142	Castings No.....	140
Tea, chests.....	40	Nails, kegs.....	100
Molasses, hhds.....	184	Wagon boxes.....	500
Apples, bbls	2,463	Fish, bbls	80
Oil, bbls	30	Spelter, pkgs	20
Tobacco, hhds.....	150	Leather, rolls	5
Cider, bbls	9	Wood, cds.....	20
Water, bbls.....	1,115	Rags, tons.....	1

TOTAL SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

Flour, bbls.....	2,722	Wheat, bus.....	65,780
Beef, bbls.....	472	Corn, bus.....	1,000
Butter, lbs.....	26	Eggs, bbls	3
Ashes, cwts	3	Cheese, lbs.....	5
Milk, cans.....	5	Hogs, bales	21

The receipts of wheat to-day were 68,780 bus; shipments 105,615 bus. Sales liberal, amounting to upwards of 75,000 bus, at 84@85c for No. 1 spring in store, 86c delivered; 87@88c for No. 2 in store; and 87@88c for Extra and Extra Club delivered in bags. At the opening holders sold reluctantly at a decline of half a cent, but previous to the meeting on 'Change the market recovered, temporarily, 50,000 bus selling at yesterday's prices. Subsequently, however, there was a decline of 1c, and large sales